THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

By M. C. Gallaway & Co. MEMPHIS, FRIDAY, JANUARY 24, 1868. (Volume Ten—Number 326

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Avalanche Office, in Avalanche Building, 21 Jefferson street.

Anderson & Co., E. M., cotton factors and commission merchants, 183½ Front and 4 Jefferson streets.

Allison Brothers, hardware, 29 Main street.

Bourn & Co., O. C., cotton and tobacco factors, Avalanche Building, Jefferson street.

Benham, Hendrix & Co., rectifiers, 10 Adams street

Black, Estes & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, Cooper Block, Monroe street.

Bielock & Co., booksellers and stationers, 215 Main street.

Bachly, F., manufacturer of gentlemen's boots and shoes, 241 Main street.

Bourn & Co., James T., steamboat agents, 12 Jefferson street.

Cameron & Co., J. H., Plaisy Cloths Thaland, 54 Main street.

Chamberlin & Co., C. F., boot sellers and stationers, 197 Main street.

Clarke & Co., S. H., insurance agents, corner Front and Jefferson streets.

Cleaves & Co., C. C., booksellers and stationers, 211 Second street.

Coppethwait, Chapman & Co., books and stationery, 275½ Main street.

Carolina Insurance Company, of Memphis, Tenn., office 231 Main street.

Crair & Co., R. G., seed store, 379 Main street, in the Jackson Block.

Cubbins, Gunn & Cowper, planing mill and lumber yard, 159, 161 and 163 Washington street.

Connell & Eakin, cotton gin and pickery, foot of Market street.

Cash, J. H., cotton and produce factor, 228 Front street.

Cubbins & Gunn, iron founders and machinists, Adams street, near Bayou.

Caree & Co., M. C., general auctioneers, 261 Main street.

Christian & Co., J. A., storage for cotton and merchandise 34 Navy Yard.

Davis, A. F., practical house and sign painter, 38 Union street.

Dougherty, Wm., marble works and marble mantel warerooms, 19 Front street, above Market.

Desoto Bank of Memphis, 30 Madison street.

Dickinson & Bro., J. W., cotton factors and commission merchants, 236 Front street.

Deliager & Co., J., china, glass and queensware, 44 North Court street.

European Assurance Society, office 275 Main street.

Emmet Savings Institution, 6 Madison street.

Elson Brothers, dry goods, 267 Main street.

Ferguson, Gordon & Co., grocers, 248 Front street.

Fowlkes & Steffey, cotton factors and commission merchants, 210 Front street.

Finnie, Hackham & Chapman, groceries and family supplies, 261 Main street.

Fitzgerald & Co., H., grocers, produce dealers and commission merchants, 274 Front street.

Forster, Pendlebur & Co., grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 3 Granite Block.

Franklin Insurance and Banking Company, corner of Jefferson and Front streets.

Green & Co., N. S., dealers in whisky, etc., 251 Front street

Gay, Alden, Scriven & Co., wholesale grocers and cotton factors, 226 Front street.

Hernando Insurance Company, No. 17 Madison street.

Harmond, Larry, Steamboat Agent, No. 14 Jefferson street.

Hill, Strange & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 14 Monroe street.

Hill & Co., John C., cotton and storage warehouse, Court street, near Bayou.

Haller, Fisher & Co., grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 40 Madison street.

Howard Wood & Co., dry goods, southern Prince, 261 Main street.

Heath, Lewis & Frazer, attorneys, corner Second and Main street.

Isbner & Pritz dry goods, 2 S Main street

Jones, Edward C., architect, 279½ Main street.

Jones, Brown & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 238 Front street.

Jones & Co G. W., wholesale and retail druggists, 307 Main street.

Jones & Co., J. W. A., cotton factors and general commission merchants, 268 Front street, up stairs.

Johnson & Co., W. J., steamboat agents, near Wharf, foot of Jefferson street.

Kinney & Porter, real estate brokers and general agents, No. 2 Kh Williams Block, corner of Main and Madison.

Keller, Dr. J. M., office Jefferson street, Avalanche Editorial Rooms. Residence at General Hospital.

Kennedy, Williams & Russell, cotton factors and commission merchants, 268 Front street.

Knickerbocker Life Insurance Company, of New York, office corner of Jefferson and Front streets.

Lamb & Co., R. W., cotton and storage warehouse, 4 Adams street, near Bayou.

Lacey & Meghee, cotton factors and commission merchants, 215 Front street.

Lane & Co., P., cotton factors and commission merchants corner of Union and Front street.

Leyett & Co., Joseph S., boot and shoe dealers, corner of Main and Union streets.

Lawrence & Carter, general commission and forwarding merchants, 228 Front street.

Levy & Co., A. S., auctioneers, second street, between Union and Madison.

Linkhauer & Brother, agents, boot and shoemakers 203 Second street.

Love and Miller, general steamboat agents and forwarders 1 Madison street.

Lowenstein, B., staple and fancy dry goods, 262 Main street.

Lindauer, Arnold & Co., dry goods, 251 Main street.

Moody & Co., John S., commission and storage, 264 Front street.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad, Ticket office, Bethel Block, southeast corner Court and Main streets.

Moore, Whitfield & Co., cotton factors, storage and general commission merchants, No. 1 Howard's Row.

Merchants' National Bank, No. 9 Jefferson street.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad, office No. 8 Jefferson street, under Commercial Hotel.

Mosby & Dorion, commission merchants, 264 Front street

McVan & Walker, attorneys at law, Bethel Block.

McCombs & Co., sole agents Eagle Cotton Gins, 221½ and 223 Main street.

Maribon & Bro., liquor dealers, 281 Main street.

Mastin & Donegan, cotton factors, commission and forwarding merchants, 13 Union street.

Maxwell & Anderson, marble works, No. 59 Union street, between Second and Third.

Murray & Hidgey, merchant tailor No. 311 Madison street, Memphis Tenn.

Miles & Stoddard, auctioneers, 271 Main street.

Menken Brothers, staple and fancy dry goods, 262 Main street

Mansfield & Higbee, wholesale druggists, 301 and 303 Main street.

Milford, Clements & Co., storage for cotton and merchandise generally, Depot street.

Memphis and Ohio Railroad, office 227½ Main street.

Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company, Fleet Captain, Superintendent.

New Memphis Theater, W. C. Thompson, manager, Jefferson street, below Third.

Neely & Co., J. C., cotton factors and commission merchants, 280 Front street.

Nolan & Lindsay, house and sign painters, glaziers, etc., 37 Jefferson street.

Nathan, Henry, importer and wholesale dealer in wines liquors, cigars, etc., 23 Jefferson street.

North American Life Insurance Company, of New York John S. Toof, Jr., Memphis agent, 266 Front street.

Partee, Metzhee & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, Cooper Block, Monroe street.

Power & Metzhee, merchant tailors, 2d second street.

People's Bank of Tennessee, 12 Madison street.

Passmore & Co., W. R., General Auctioneers, Vincent Block, 2 Second street.

Perkins, Livingston & Post, cotton gins, presses and plantation machinery, 204 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

Patrick & Co., J. H., cotton factors, 284 Front street.

Postoffice, corner of Third and Jefferson streets.

Planters' Insurance Company of Tennessee, 272 Front street.

Price & Treadwell, wholesale grocers, Lee Block, Union street.

Partee & Harbert, commission merchants, 14 Monroe street.

Rice, Salz & Co., dry goods, 267 Main street.

Roach & Co., A. G., wholesale grocers, 220 Front street.

Rawlings & Co., J. J., cotton factors and commission merchants, 24 Front street.

Robertson & Carter, cotton factors and commission merchants, 13 Union street.

Robinson & Co., Wm. A., founder and machinists, opposite city Gayoso House.

Robeson, Saxed & Co., wholesale clothing, 256 Main street

Rubin, Finney & Co., cotton factors, 12 Union street.

Rorster, Treasvant & Co., Auctioneers and Real Estate Brokers, Ayres Block, Second street.

Stewart, W. L., cotton and commission merchant, 2 Howard's Row.

Schabel & Co., J. P., stove dealers, 237 Main street.

Stone, Horace, wholesale boots and shoes, 232 Mainstreet.

Sullivan, Mrs. Sallie, millinery goods, 227 Main street, over Bevard's.

Sample, Mitchell & McCauley, cotton factors and commission merchants, 13 Union street.

Stanley, King & Smith, church organs and commission merchants, 273 Front street, up stairs.

St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, McMahon & Otis, agents; office, 42 Madison street.

Smith & Leech, wholesale liquor dealers, 241 Second street.

Semmes & Co., B. J., importers and dealers in liquors, 254 Second street.

Shaw & Co., J. S., hardware, 233 Second street.

Swanwick & Co., W. T., lumber dealers, foot of Adams street.

Smith, Owen, sadler, 261 northeast corner Gayoso and Second streets.

Toof, S. C., Book and Job Printer, No. 14 West Court street.

Taylor, Cobb & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 11 Monroe street.

Thomas & Arnold, dry goods, 264 Main street.

Toof, Phillips & Co., cotton factors, grocers and commission merchants, 266 Front street.

Tennessee State Mutual Insurance Company, of Memphis, office 15 Madison street

Titus & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 10 Jefferson street.

Tennessee Savings Institution, corner of Court and Main sts.

Tobin, Lynn & Co., cotton factors and grocers, 246 Main street

Tatum & Donohue, steamboat agents, 224 Front street, up stairs.

Vereer & Hatchett, cotton factors and commission merchants, 230 Front street.

Van Brocklin, auctioneer, 10 Madison street.

Van Yeast, George W., agent Missouri State Lottery, 38 Jefferson street.

Waggener & Co., J. H., merchant tailors and dealers in ready-made clothing, 284 Main street.

Watson & Co., J. B., wholesale and retail druggists, 318 Main street.

Webb, S. N., & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, Lee Block, Union street.

Wickham House, corner Main and Adams streets. C. B. Galloway, proprietor.

White, Kerr & Rootes, cotton factors, general commission and forwarding merchants, 264 Main street.

Wormeley, Joy & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, Adams street, below Main.

Williams, J. D., wholesale clothing, 276 Main street.

Williamson, Hill & Co., wholesale grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 226 Front street.

Wain & Co., Harris, wholesale grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 272 Front street.

Wright, W. P., storage and commission, 2 Promenade street.

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

It is denied that Grant urges Stanton to resign.

Eggs are selling in Alton at five cents apiece.

Twenty thousand tons of ice will be packed in Peoria this season.

The latest from Paris is a ladies' nose protector, lined with fur.

The ice in the river at Dubuque, Iowa, is twenty-one inches thick, and very clear.

The Sioux and Cheyennes are again becoming troublesome at Fort Phil. Kearney.

In Hudson, Wisconsin, in 1867, the sales of agricultural implements amounted to $150,000.

The clear profits of the Paris exhibition are estimated at $600,000.

The coal mines of England and Wales employ about 330,000 men and boys.

A Congressman had his pocket picked of five hundred dollars in Philadelphia on Sunday.

Augusta, Georgia, now boasts a street railroad, which was formally opened in that city on the 9th of January.

The Metropolitan Police Department of New York city cost $2,600,000 last year—a large increase over the year preceding.

Hot dinners are advertised in London, England, for nine cents, and one from a hot joint for twelve cents.

In comparison with the year previous, the London *Times* last year lost over 5,000 subscribers and $30,000 in its profits.

The International Bricklayers' Union comprises forty-seven Unions, with a total membership of six thousand one hundred and three.

A band of five hundred Indians appeared at Pine Bluff station, Nebraska, on Saturday, gobbled up all the eatables, and decamped without further damage.

Pierre Carme, the billiard player, was to have tried an extraordinary fancy shot in Boston Thursday night, caroming from a ball on the table to a ball on a bystander's head.

The Chicago *Times* pronounces for the nomination of George H. Pendleton for the Presidency by the Democratic National Convention.

The Radicals of St. Louis are leaving the negro out in the cold. At a meeting, on Monday, his name was not mentioned in any of the resolutions adopted.

The majority of the House Committee on Elections have reported against permitting Hon. John Young Brown, of Kentucky, to take his seat, on the ground of disloyalty.

The South Carolina Reconstruction Convention is considering a resolution to throw open the doors of all the State educational institutions to negroes.

The *Epoque* says the Emperor is preparing, and will soon cause to be issued, a manifesto assuring Europe that it is the desire and policy of his government to maintain peace.

Mrs. Augustus Weld, of Louisville, was injured, probably fatally, on Tuesday, by the explosion of some kerosene wherewith she was filling a lamp.

It is said that Grant's failure to keep faith with the President in the Stanton matter is to be ascribed to the fact that he was "slightly oblivious."

The ice in the Schuylkill, at Philadelphia, broke through on last Sunday and let about fifty skatists down into the drink. No lives lost.

In Gadsden, Tennessee, a few nights ago, the office of Matthews & Hunt was entered by burglars, who tied the clerk, and robbed the safe of $1,000 in gold and $4,200 in currency.

On Thursday night, the 16th, the residence of Mr. Ambrose Gilbert, near Union City, was consumed by fire, and every article of furniture and clothing burned.

Edwin Weed and Miles Murray, gamblers, are arrested as the supposed robbers of the Bank Republic, at New York, last Wednesday week, of $15,000 in bonds. A portion of the stolen property has been recovered.

Dr. E. C. King, of Philadelphia, a surgeon in the department of the Freedmen's Bureau, has been making free by entering men's houses near Rome, Georgia, whilst they were away.

General Meade has succeeded in finding $15,000 of the money belonging to the Treasury of the State of Georgia, which will be devoted, in part at least, to the payment of members of the Convention.

The elephant Romeo, which recently killed his keeper, at Hatbourgh, Pennsylvania, has not been pacified. He is confined in a pen of stout timbers and will allow no one to approach him.

A dispatch from San Francisco denies the story that the troops of Sitka are suffering, and even dying, for want of food and shelter. On the contrary, they are comfortably housed and have plenty to eat.

Major Jones, State Constable of Massachusetts, reports that he has seized 92,000 gallons of liquor, of which 61,000 gallons were ale. He destroyed 8717 gallons of alcoholic, and 33,068 of ale.

A lawyer named A. E. Brooks, at Omaha, while trying to light a fire with petroleum, Tuesday, was shockingly burned by an explosion of the oil. He died from the injuries this morning.

The gold coinage of the United States, Great Britain and France, which in 1851 was not more than one thousand millions in amount, doubled itself within the fifteen succeeding years.

The special dispatch, published in the New York *Herald* on the 18th, from Cincinnati, stating that a defalcation to the amount of $300,000 had been discovered in the Hamilton county treasury department, is authoritatively denied.

About one hundred dollars in gold and silver were stolen from the Rev. C. J. Gibson, of Petersburg, Virginia, Monday, that he had saved since the war for the purpose of raising a granite shaft in the church yard, to the memory of the heroic dead buried there.

Dr. Parker, of Troy, New York, cut open the windpipe of a horse, removed a piece of tin the animal had gnawed from his manger, and after thus rescuing him from threatened strangulation, sewed him up again as good as ever.

It has been agreed that the Surratt trial shall begin on the 24th of February. It is understood that Judge Pierpont and A. G. Riddle are retained by the Government, and that Judge Black and R. T. Merrick will appear for Surratt.

The National Bank of Texas, at Galveston, has ceased to be a public depository. The Government has withdrawn its funds from the bank, and the directors of the bank have withdrawn their securities from the Treasury Department.

The President said, in a conversation, on Saturday, that he would give $10,000, out of his own pocket, if the American people could have seen General Grant at the Cabinet meeting, on Friday, while questions were being put to him about his action in the Stanton matter. He never saw a man look meaner or more humiliated. "He is not a big man," said Johnson, "either mentally, morally or physically; but before he had answered the questions we put to him, he seemed to have shrivelled up into no bigger than my fist."

John Lewis (colored) and Annie Lewis (white) his wife, were brought before Justice Garland, of Springfield, Illinois, charged with being married in violation of that statute of the State which forbids the intermarriage of negroes and white persons.

On the 8th instant a lady gave birth to a child on a sleeping car, near Columbians, Ohio. The officers of the train, being informed of the expected event, cleared out the gentlemen passengers, but not a woman present would lend a helping hand to the poor mother. She was on her way to Kansas.

A recent investigation at Louisville has developed a new theory with reference to chloroform. Dr. Bell said the mere fact that death occurs during the administration of chloroform does not necessarily make them stand in the relation of cause and effect; that in many cases the relation may be nothing more than mere coincidence.

Near Timonsville, South Carolina, a few days since, a party of armed negroes entered a store for the purpose of plunder. A clerk in the establishment, named Suggs, offering to remonstrate, was shot through the heart and killed instantly. A friend of Suggs, coming into the store on hearing the noise, was fired upon, and barely escaped with his life.

The New York *Tribune*, of the 18th instant, says: "A Newfoundland dog was seen carrying a bundle in his mouth down Second avenue, on Thursday night. Arriving at No. 451, occupied by Mr. Van Winkle, he walked up the steps, and having deposited the bundle on the topmost step, ran off. The package contained a female infant about one week old."

The Dubuque *Herald* says a car load of five game crossed the river, Thursday, consigned to parties in New York. The collection contained eight elk, six swans, several deer, and other specimens of the animal and ornithological kingdom, captured in the western wilds of Iowa, near O'Brien county. They were securely boxed in separate packages, and will adorn the Central Park in New York.

LETTER FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Correspondence of the Avalanche.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL, NEW ORLEANS, January 20, 1868.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: The translation from the snow, ice and gloomy cold weather of Memphis to the bright sunshine and balmy air of this charming city, is delightful beyond the power of words to express. Overcoats are at a large discount, and fires are only useful at present for cooking purposes. The glorious sunshine is the great stove that warms us with its all pervading heat here, and makes us cheerful despite the adverse clouds and gloomy prospects in business affairs.

I find New Orleans indescribably dull, in a commercial point of view. Merchants assert that there is less business doing here at present than there was at the worst time during the late epidemic. The levee—that usually grand depot of the wealth of produce of the great valley—is now quiet beyond all precedent. There is no bustle and activity as of old, but rather the indolent, lazy stupidity of a country landing seems to have taken up the place. A small amount of cotton is seen here and there, and a few dray loads occasionally pass along the streets, as reminders to haunt the beholder with the memories of other days. Literally, New Orleans is commercially dead this winter. The contrast with the busy, rattling and thriving times of last winter is painfully apparent, and no one feels it more than myself, for the bustle and activity of a flourishing mart of trade and industry is a luxury to one who loves to dwell in cities. The depression of the mercantile interests here has made the people, generally, hopeless. I think that the impression largely prevails that the former prosperity of this section will not be recovered until the world comes when those of us who are yet young will be in "the sere and yellow leaf" of age. This is certainly a melancholy prospect, and too sad to contemplate. In connection with these thoughts the reminder of an item that will be deemed news to your readers. *De Bow's Review* will henceforth be published in this, its native place. The proprietors have placed the editorial management in the hands of that sterling writer, Wm. Burwell. This gentleman is not only an extensive encyclopedia of commercial and agricultural knowledge, but he also brings to the work a zeal for this specialty that will enable him to labor with extraordinary industry for the elevation of the interests of the country he loves so well. He will make the *Review* the peculiar organ of the great interests of the Mississippi valley, and endeavor to bring about the only result that will recover to our section its former prestige, to wit: immediate trade of the Northwest and South with the West Indies, the Gulf coast, and the golden South American.

A question of peculiar interest to the entire South at present, is being agitated in Conservative political circles here. It is evident from the tenor of the Northern press, that the South is expected to send delegates to the National Democratic Convention, and take part in the nomination for the next Presidency. Arrangements to this purpose are being made in this section, and the same will doubtless be generally made throughout the Southern States. The absolute necessity of such a course must be apparent to everyone who has the interest of the country at heart.

The "Black and Tan" State Convention, so-called—a nigger gorilla, ape, monkey and chimpanzee menagerie exhibition in real session here, only for the purpose of getting the pay they receive. The show is too contemptible to draw even microscopic audiences.

The agricultural fair has been running very quietly during the past week. The exhibition of articles is very fine and attractive, but the impecuniosity of the people prevents as liberal an attendance as we desire. There are comparatively few visitors from abroad.

The amusement season has been unusually dull. Previous to the advent of Rousby the Varieties was not a paying institution. The St. Charles did well for a period of ten days, with the gorgeous spectacles of the Black Crook, then it became a non paying institution. Rousby has lightened it up again, and when he leaves I will tell you the result. The incomparable Jo. Jefferson fills the house nightly and the audiences seem to never tire of his intimitable "Rip." The Academy of Music has a variety company and offers very inviting bills to paying houses. But *par excellence* in amusements here is the opera. The grand event of the past week in musical circles was the presentation of the *Jewess*. Saturday night this magnificent tragedy was placed on the stage with the most superb equipments and properties ever seen in this city. Its spectacular appointments surpass the tinsel and gorgeousness of the Black Crook. Its scenes were bewildering to the senses; its thrilling paints and tableaux were the *ne plus ultra* of art. The company is very large and has a capacity to present grand opera as well as the lightest. This place of amusement is the most popular and best patronized of any in the city, and justly so; for it is the purest refining enterprise in New Orleans, and is worthy of cultivation.

Many of your readers will regret to learn that the St. Louis Hotel is closed, but when they come hither they will find as of yore the St. Charles maintaining its reputation as the first hotel in every respect, in the South. During the late dull season it has thoroughly renovated and is now in elegant condition, and as of old, the grand resort of the people. It is constantly thronged with guests, and is fuller than it was a year ago. Its large and splendid society of ladies is adjourning in it for the winter and their presence serves to enliven very much these premises. Major Mose Mason has recovered entirely from the visitation, otherwise known as yellow jack, and takes great pleasure in welcoming visitors and guests from your section to the splendid quarters of the St. Charles.

Colonel Jim Edmondson is on a flying visit here.

Mr. A. S. Livermore and his lovely bride were here yesterday. They will be welcomed to Memphis, their future home.

COUZIN NOURMA.

PERSONAL ITEMS.

Fernando Wood pays $1,000 a month for his house in Washington.

Samuel L. Vawter, a prominent citizen of Minnesota, died in St. Paul on the 15th.

A watch once owned by Roger Sherman was presented in Washington Tuesday to Lieutenant General Sherman.

It is stated that Dickens has an offer of $20,000 in coin for twenty readings in San Francisco, but it will not be accepted.

Carlotta has renounced her dower, and keeps only her private fortune, which amounts to three millions of our money.

Hon. Ira Harris will probably succeed the late Judge Wright on the bench of the New York Court of Appeals.

James R. Fisk was arrested in Chicago, Tuesday, for forging a draft on the Third National Bank of Cincinnati.

J. Russell Patterson, son of the President of the National Bank of Commerce, fell through the ice on the Monongahela river, at Pittsburg, while skating on Saturday, and was drowned.

Hon. James Guthrie has not gone to Washington, notwithstanding the statements of the Cincinnati papers. He designed starting this week, but his family and physicians would not consent to his traveling in this inclement weather.

George William Curtis has recovered only recently, it is said, from his financial embarrassments by which he was involved by the failure of the old *Putnam Magazine*.

Thurlow Weed will probably sever his connection with the *Commercial Advertiser* after the ensuing Presidental election, his constant employment already beginning to tell upon him, and his family are very desirous of having him abandon everything pertaining to politics and business, and spend the remainder of his declining days in ease and quiet.

DISSIPATION OF THE CONGRESSIONAL TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.

Several Senators and Members Down With the Jim Jams.

Interesting Sketch of John Morrisey.

Correspondence Cincinnati Commercial.

WASHINGTON, January 17, 1868.

There never was greater need than at present for a vigorous prosecution of the war against intemperance in high places. Whether Senator Wilson has become discouraged, or disgusted, I know not, but he seems to have entirely relinquished his Christian efforts of a year ago, to reform his Congressional brethren through the agency of his temperance society. One gentleman, who was an exemplary member of the Congressional Temperance Society a year ago, astonished and appalled the boarders at Willard's one morning last week by entering the breakfast room in his night shirt, at about ten a.m.; another was taken home in a hand cart, not many Sundays since; while still another, over whose conversion all the ladies were, a year ago, saturating their pocket-handkerchiefs, and "carrying on" in a more melo dramatic way than anything recorded of the Brick Lane branch of the Ebenezer Temperance Society, of which the elder Mr. Weller's "second wentur" was such a bright and shing light—that gentleman (need I say he is a distinguished Senator from the West?) has been, for a week or more, confined to his room and a diet of pickled cabbage to help him over a prolonged carouse, terminating in the deliriums. Nor is this all. Would that it were. It is not even the worst.

As this subject is a delicate one, I shall be pardoned, I trust, for withholding names. The moral sense of the nineteenth century revolts against such publicity as a vile slander. The newspapers are licensed to be funny over the police court reports, and to blazon forth poor John Smith's debauch as an awful example, but between a great man and his "little weaknesses" the moral ones hang a vail which no journalistic Asmodeus dare lift without incurring censure as an irresponsible scribbler and an envenomed calumniator. A particular case (I repeat that I use no names) has become so serious of late that an eminent Bishop of the Methodist church has been sent for, and has come all the way from Philadelphia to see what he can do in the way of reforming the eminent sinner. Strange work for a Bishop, whose office is, or ought to be, to administer spiritual consolation.

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Sitting in the House behind Fernando Wood is that fearless and generous-looking Democrat, the Hon. John Morrissey. The Honorable John has won golden opinions since his accession to the House, from the quietness and unobtrusiveness of his deportment, and the urbanity of his disposition. He is said to be one of the most genial of men in his intercourse with his fellow members, is not at all proud, and will associate on terms with Ashley on terms of equality, though his private opinion of the Toledo member is not good. He said, on a recent occasion, in a confidential way, that he didn't see how a man with Ashley's record of early life could have the impudence to sit in Congress; and there are few who will question the wisdom of that remark, or doubt its pertinence. One of the best intellectual and moral treats a man can enjoy in Washington is to get the Hon. Mr. Morrissey to turn on the stop-cock of unrestrained converse, and tell the secrets of his inmost heart. He will do it on very slight provocation, and keep you chained to his interesting discourse for hours at a time. He delights to tell of his feats of prowess in the ring, especially his memorable match with Heenan, at Long Point, Canada West, some years ago, and shall never forget how he shouldered his fists and showed how fights were won. "Golly, and I did tremble when I was coming to the scratch that time. Heenan was too big for me, and that morning I'd have given a good deal to get out of the scrape. Still I made up my mind that as I had put all my money—every d—d cent I had [I think he said $1,700] into the thing, I was going in, and then, thought I, I'll be d—d if I don't whip him too. When I looked at Heenan, stripped for the fight, I thought I'd be whipped sure—then again I made up my mind to make him work for it. I eyed him all over as he sat in his corner. Good God, says I to myself, I can't do nothing with that fellow; but then, again, I thought I must. Well, we came up to the first round. Whew! I remember how he did plug me. I tell you how it is, gentlemen, I don't want to brag of my own pluck, for it would be no use now that I am out of the ring, but if I hadn't been pretty good game, I'd have caved in on that first round. After a long tussel we fell, and I was mightily glad of it. It was while we were down this time that I made up my mind I was going to whip him. Heenan tried to choke me, while we were on the ground. He got his hand on my throat this way, (suiting the action to the word). When I felt him do that, thinks I to myself, sonny, I've got you now.' I thought that a man who'd do that was a coward, and from that time to the end of the fight I felt sure of whipping him, and I would have whipped him, just as I did, if the fight had lasted just twice as long as it did. If Heenan had plucks equal to his strength, all hell couldn't whip him; but he hain't, and it's no work at all to whip him, if you can only stand up under him for the first few minutes."

You would not think, to hear the Hon. John in his reminiscences of the ring, that he considered his present position in the light of promotion or advancement. On the contrary, he thinks the noblest work of God is a first class boxer, and doubtless views it in the light of a dishonor to the ring that one of its bright test ornaments and stoutest champions should have degenerated into a Congressman. Nothing but a desire to save his beloved country from the hands of the Radical conspirators ever induced him to make the sacrifice.

In personal appearance the Honorable John is, if not entirely prepossessing, certainly not entirely the reverse. He will show a very fine crop of black or very dark brown hair, which was quite long until he found that Theodore Tilton and a few other Radicals were copying after him in this matter, when he indignantly curtailed its locks proportions. He has a fine black beard, and a pair of very friendly looking eyes. His nose is the only feature about him which betrays his former occupation. In one of his battles in the ring this member was for the most part demolished, and a reconstructed little pug stands upon the ruins of the grand old Roman with which his features were once adorned. His dress is not remarkable, either for showiness or shabbiness, and the only ornament about him is what at a distance, on a dark night, might be mistaken for a locomotive head light, but on near approach proves to be a big diamond pin. In a word, modest, retiring, gentle and humane, Mr. Morrissey, if not an honor to Congress, is at least an honor to the prize ring, and will be found to continue to make out a list of their saints, high upon the scroll will stand Saint John. MACK.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

Is Coin a Legal Tender?

A decision in the case of the Bank of the Commonwealth vs. Van Vleck and Turner, which was argued before the Supreme Court of the State of New York, in June last, has just been made public, and involves a new phase of affairs under the construction of the legal tender act. In this case the plaintiffs loaned to the defendants ten thousand dollars in gold. The defendants agreed to return this amount in gold, but failed to do so. The question for the court to decide was whether the acts of Congress, commonly called the legal tender act, applied in this transaction. The opinion goes to cite the case of Rhodes vs. Bronson, in which it was decided that a contract to pay $1,400 on the 1st of January, 1867, "in gold or silver coin, lawful money of the United States," may be satisfied in United States legal tender notes; and the acts of Congress making such notes legal tenders in payment of debts, and then proceeds: Although the question has not been settled by the Supreme Court of the United States, we are of course bound to follow these decisions in whatever degree they may shock our well matured and long cherished convictions. None of them, however, in my opinion, affect the case before us. Paper promises having been substituted as the national currency in the place of gold and silver, the latter has disappeared as currency; they no longer possess the functions of national instruments of exchange; and they have become, whatever may be their form, whether in bullion or in coin, merely articles of commerce, having the same characteristics, and being liable to the same legal disposition as other articles of commerce, when they are the subject matter of a contract. Therefore, since the passage of the acts of 1862, when a person promising for any valid consideration, to return gold or silver, instead of the national currency, he is bound to return these specific things precisely as he would be bound to return a specific quantity and quality of cotton, if he had promised to do so for a valid consideration. There can be no possible difference; the fact that the one commodity at a former time constituted the legal currency, is no reason why it should be regarded in a different light from other commodities when it is no longer recognized or employed in that capacity. The plaintiffs, therefore, are entitled to damages for breach of this contract, unless they have expressly or impliedly released the defendants from its obligation.

BY TELEGRAPH.

THURSDAY'S NOON DISPATCHES.

Immense Meeting of the Citizens of Baltimore.

From Sitka—Discontent Among the Indians.

Late and Interesting News from Mexico.

BALTIMORE, January 23.—There was an immense meeting last night at Maryland Institute, on the subject of the rights of American citizens abroad. The meeting was called irrespective of party. Letters were read from Reverdy Johnson, of Maryland, and Senator Conkling, of New York, and speeches were made by Senator Wilson, of Massachusetts, and Hon. Charles E. Phelps, of New York.

NEW YORK, January 23.—The *Herald's* Washington special reiterates the statement that Grant did not keep faith with the President in regard to holding the War Office, detailing more especially the agreement said to have been made between the parties.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 23.—Late Sitka news gives accounts of the progress of settling the country. The interference of the authorities with the customs of the Indians is creating discontent among them. Notwithstanding it being the winter season there are a great many strange Indians appearing and disappearing. Some come from Victoria and others from Fort Simpson, but for what purpose it is not known. It is expected that as the Russians move the population will, no doubt, become Americanized, and affairs change for the better. In consequence of the exhorbitant prices demanded for game, and the knowledge of the fact that it is principally disposed of by the Indians surreptitiously for liquor, General Davis issued an order that whatever article of provisions the Indians wished to sell must be exposed in the market place. Many Indians have been detected violating the order, and were arrested and the liquor confiscated, whereupon the whole tribe would appear at headquarters and demand release, and if refused hold a council of war. The chief has made savage threats.

NEW YORK, January 23.—The *Herald's* Havana special of the 22d instant, says: Further news from Mexico state that a seat in the Supreme Court has been offered to Senor Martinez Romero, who is still undecided whether to return to Washington as Minister, or remain in Mexico.

Congress seemed inclined to force the Ministers, Signors Lerdo and Detejado, to give up the State Department seals, or confer the extraordinary powers which Juarez had surrendered, on Congress. Inauguration had again been authorized by Congress for a limited time.

Rumors are afloat that an appropriation of $40,000 will be made for the purpose of erecting a monument in honor of Mexican independence. Congress has lately been stirring up the English company holding concession to finish the railway between the City of Mexico and Vera Cruz. A committee had been appointed to find what means were used by the company to secure the concession.

An attempt has been made to kidnap General Caravejal, but he had escaped, after killing the leader.

The *Monitor Republican* publishes an extraordinary alphabetical memorandum book found in Maximilian's cabinet by the police. It unmasks and exposes every influential and famous man in Mexico.

A document has been printed proving the complicity of ex-Consul Ottenburg with the late Emperor.

A *Herald* special from Havana says further Mexican advices state that General Zuloaga has been reinstated to his civil rights.

The contract to construct a railway to the capital, via Jalapa, has been ratified.

The weekly cotton receipts at Cohima are increasing.

The Legislature at Nueva Leon has ordered the destruction of Blackfort, near Monterey.

All degrading punishments have been abolished. Slight shocks of earthquake were felt throughout Mexico on the 30th ultimo.

Three hundred thousand dollars from Guadalajara arrived at Tallina.

The mines in Zacatecas yielded sixty thousand dollars.

ALABAMA ITEMS.

Colonel J. W. Hinson, an old and esteemed citizen and merchant of Mobile, died on the 17th instant, of paralysis.

A distinguished Radical in Mobile has caused the arrest of Harry Macarthy on a claim for fiddle strings purchased five years ago by one of Harry's musicians.

Colonel Forsyth, President of the Central Conservative club, of Mobile, issues a stirring appeal to all Alabamians to register under the order reopening the registry books.

In Mobile, on Saturday, John Long and George Chisholm got into a difficulty, when the former was stabbed through the heart, dying in a few moments.

Walter Philbrook, cashier of the Deposit bank of Mobile, disappeared last week. There is a rumor that $100,000 of the funds are also missing.

Grand Special Scheme

OF THE

RALEIGH MINERAL SPRINGS

To be Drawn on about

February 15th, 1868,

UNDER the direct auspices of the following well known citizens of Memphis:

DIRECTORS,

N. CORONNA, President German National Bank;
JOHN S. TOOF, of Toof, Phillips & Co.;
W. L. STEWART, late of W. L. Stewart & Bros.;
ROLPE 2. SAUNDERS, U. S. Collector;
R. R. PITMAN, of R. R. Pitman & Co.;
GEO. H. LESUERE, of Ward & Lesuere.

N. CORONNA, Treasurer.

DEPOSITORY—German Nat'l Bank.

F. Y. ROCKETT, Financial Secretary

$34,500 IN PREMIUMS.

Number of Prizes, 25

Certificates $5 Each.

A Fortune or a Homestead for $5.

Capital Prize Valued at $20,000,

Which amount has recently been offered for the Springs and grounds immediately surrounding.

PRIZE NO. 1.

The celebrated RALEIGH MINERAL SPRINGS, situated on the confines of Raleigh, late county seat of Shelby county, Tennessee, nine miles north-west of Memphis, seven miles from Wall's station, on the Memphis and Louisville railroad. These springs are six in number, of various kinds and most excellent medicinal qualities, and are visited every summer by those seeking recovery of health and pleasure from all quarters of the country. They are within a few steps of the village of Raleigh, in a beautiful valley, and also within a few hundred feet of Wolf river, which winds around the base of the eminence on which the village is built, and empties into the "Father of Waters" at Memphis. Numerous remarkable cures of various diseases have been experienced by visitors to this health inspiring retreat, and the present proprietor, Colonel J. M. Coleman, can produce hundreds of certificates of the cures which had been entirely given over by medical skill. The ground surrounding the springs, and in fact the whole village of Raleigh rises to an eminence of pure air, and is as remarkable for its healthiness as beauty of location. The Springs are in the order, several never-failing, and are designated as follows:

Marble Spring,
Box Spring,
Magnolia Spring,
Arsenic Spring,
Sulphur Spring,
Freestone Spring.

The place has never been visited by epidemic of any kind, and peculiarly characteristic of its healthiness is the longevity of the inhabitants. The oldest citizens of Shelby county are residents of Raleigh.

The springs are as much resorted to by pleasure seekers as by invalids, owing to beauty of scenery and various artificial as well as natural attractions. Connected with the Springs are a Pavilion, Ladies' Bowling Alley, Minor Alley, Gentlemen's, Genius' Bowling Alley, saloon, Billiard Room Gymnasium, Refreshment Tables, etc. The Wolf river affords excellent Boating and Fishing.

The grounds accompanying the Springs in this above scheme are included in the First prize, is fifteen acres in extent, overlooking the valley and affords in addition to a magnificent site for a grand hotel, and other buildings; also a beautiful park, promenades, etc.

As a catalogue of the several Springs, by distinguished medical men, shows that they are unsurpassed in mineral and curative properties by any in the United States. There is no reason why Raleigh should not become as famous as Saratoga, Sharon or Clifton, and as largely patronized. It needs only capital and enterprize to accomplish this end.

A charter is before the State Legislature for the incorporation of the Springs, and a movement has been inaugurated looking to a direct rail connection with the Springs.

For this prize, grounds was recently offered, which was declined in order that the above scheme may be fully carried out.

PRIZE NO. 2.

The elegant COUNTRY MAN

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY TRUSTEE—I am authorized to announce to the voters of Shelby county that I will be a candidate for County Trustee at the coming March election, subject, however, to the decision of the Conservative party. Ja28

FOR CONSTABLE 4TH CIVIL DISTRICT—We are authorized to announce JOHN MORTON, as a candidate for re-election to the office of Constable of the 4th Civil District, at the ensuing election in March. Ja28

FOR CONSTABLE 5TH CIVIL DISTRICT—We are authorized to announce EDWARD MCGRATH as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Trustee, at the coming election in March. Ja21

FOR MARSHAL OF THE MUNICIPAL COURT—Ex-Alderman E. ROSALE is a candidate for the Conservative nomination for Marshal of the Municipal Court, subject to the action of the Conservative Convention. Ja19

FOR TAX COLLECTOR—We are authorized to announce PHILIP GARVIN as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Collector of county, at the election in March next. Ja17

All City papers copy.

FOR CONSTABLE 5TH CIVIL DISTRICT—We are authorized to announce G. W. MAYER as a candidate for the office of Constable of the 5th Civil District, at the ensuing March election, subject however to the nomination of the Conservative party. Ja17

FOR COUNTY REGISTER—In response to the call of friends, I announce myself a candidate for County Register at the ensuing March election, subject to the decision of the Democratic Conservative party. Ja17

J. STEWART.

FOR COUNTY TRUSTEE—Edition Avalanche: You will please announce my name as a candidate for County Trustee, at the ensuing March election subject to the nomination of the Conservative party. Respectfully, Ja17

J. WOODWARD.

FOR COUNTY REGISTER—We are authorized to announce the name of CHAS. SR., as a candidate for the office of County Register, at the coming March election, subject only to the decision of the Conservative party. Ja17

FOR COUNTY REGISTER—I am a candidate for re-election to the office of Register of Shelby county, at the March election, subject however to the nomination of the Conservative party. Ja17

CHAS. W. JOHNSTON.

FOR COUNTY REGISTER—We are authorized to announce JAMES A. RIDLEY as a candidate for the office of County Register, at the ensuing March election, subject only to the nomination of the Conservative party. Ja17

TAX COLLECTORSHIP OF SHELBY COUNTY. MEMPHIS, January 14, 1868.

Having received numerous requests to announce my name as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, at the ensuing March election, subject only to the nomination of the Conservative party of said county. Respectfully,

H. L. PRIDDY.

FOR SHERIFF—We are authorized to announce MOSES WELLINGTON, as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county, at the ensuing election in March, 1868. Ja17

FOR TAX COLLECTOR—We are authorized to announce JOHN MCDOWELL, as a candidate for Tax Collector of Shelby county, at the election in March. Ja17

WANTS.

WANTED—A WHITE SERVANT to cook, wash and iron for a small family; man cook will recommend. Apply at this office. Ja28

WANTED—A WET NURSE. Apply at 368 Main street. Ja28

WANTED—The subscriber wishes to borrow on good Real Estate security, Three or Four Thousand Dollars. Address P. O. Box 1,000. Ja28

AGENTS WANTED—$12 to $20 PER MONTH—Every wanted everywhere, to sell the celebrated LOCK STITCH FAMILY SEWING MACHINE—price only $25. Every machine warranted three years. Agents can make from $12 to $20 per week. For particulars and terms to agents, address J. M. TOLLIVER & CO., Philadelphia, Pa., Manufacturers and General Agents for the South.

WANTED, EVERYWHERE, AGENTS—Male and Female, to introduce the justly celebrated IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, bind, braid, quilt and embroider in a most superior manner; and will execute every variety of labor work. The needle cannot be seized apart, even after cutting across the seam every quarter of an inch. We warrant it perfectly satisfactory for three years. We will pay the above salary and expenses, or a commission. Even $100 a week can be made. Address ELLIS & MCARTHUR, Louisville, Kentucky.

CAUTION—Do not be imposed upon by parties palming off worthless cast iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. All Agents will be furnished with certificates, signed by me. Ours is the only genuine and really practical lock stitch machine manufactured, and we are ready to prosecute infringements. Ja28

AGENTS WANTED—Ten to twenty dollars a day, to introduce the NEW AND SIMPLE SEWING MACHINE. Price $15. It uses two threads, and makes the genuine lock stitch. All other low priced machines make the "chain stitch." Each Agent supplied with a copy of Letters Patent. Exclusive territory given. Send for circulars.

W. G. BEACH & CO.,
294 Second street, Memphis, Tenn.

WANTED—Agents to sell the CELEBRATED WEED MACHINE. Price $25. Sewing Machine dealers will find it greatly to their interest to handle them. Address HART & INGRAM, 30 Second street, Memphis.

LOST.

LOST—A GARNET PIN on Main street, or between Main and Second. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving the same at BROWN & JONES, Ja28 347 Second street.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Store House No. 386 Front street, under Commercial Hotel; will rent low to a good tenant. Apply to MCDOWELL & WHITEHEAD & CO. Ja28

FOR RENT—My late residence on Thornton Avenue, between old Market and Alabama streets; house contains eleven rooms in perfect order, stable, etc., and three-quarters acre of land; all the improvements of a country home; still convenient to the business part of the city.

E. WAGGENER.
Ja1 295 Main street.

FOR RENT—A DWELLING HOUSE containing six rooms, stables, cistern, etc., with three and a half acres of land attached; good garden; one mile and half from Court House on New Raleigh road. Apply to

GEORGE W. BAXTER,
de8 114 Court street.

FOR RENT—A good DWELLING HOUSE on Jackson street, near Promenade. A suit of family rooms on Third street, near Monroe. Also, a store room on Jefferson and Third. Rent low. Inquire of

E. W. WICKERSHAM,
de18 41 Citizens' Union Bank.

FOR RENT—A new and splendid store under the new Peabody building, corner of Union and second streets. A large store under Greenlaw Opera House. Several offices, and a fine suit of offices, corner of Monroe and second streets. Two store houses on under the Gayoso Hotel. A large warehouse on second street. Rents reduced to suit the times. Apply to W. MCKNIGHT,
de18 No. 317 Second street.

FOR RENT—One New Brick Storehouse, No 9 Howard Row, 80 feet front by 160 deep. Apply to W. L. DUFF,
no23 16 West Court street.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

FOR SALE—A large DISTILLERY in good running order situated on Wolf river one mile from Memphis. Apply to WM. LANGSTAFF & BRO.,
ja13 No. 321 Main street.

FOR SALE—One Portable Boiler and Engine, each 12 horse power; one Macgowan Pump, medium size; all in complete running order. Call and Boiler, No. 46, Union st.
ja15 H. DUFFIN & BRO.

FOR SALE—two fine Brunswick BILLIARD TABLES for saloon or hotel. Have been used but little and in good order. Will sell cheap. Apply to

E. W. WICKERSHAM,
Southeast Corner of Jefferson and Third streets, Memphis, Tenn.

SPECIAL NOTICES, ETC.

NOTICE—I will make application at the March term, 1868, of the County Court of Shelby county, State of Tennessee, for letters of administration on the estate of William Little, deceased. [ja15] B. W. BROOKS.

NOTICE—I have this day associated with me in the Livery and Sale Stable business, H. P. PARKER. The business will hereafter be conducted under the name and style of HICKS & PARKER.

T. J. HICKS.
Memphis, January 7th, 1868. ja9

NOTICE—All persons herein interested, are notified that I will apply to the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, for letters of administration upon the estate of Mrs. M. L. FOX, deceased, at the next term of the Shelby County Court.

JAMES R. POLK,
F. H. THORPE, Attorney. de15

NOTICE is hereby given, that at the January term, 1868, of the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, I will make application to be appointed guardian of Miss MARY M. LeBOEUF. JOHN SOMERVILLE.

NOTICE—The ST. CHARLES HOTEL, New Orleans, Lessee, during the summer, has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished by the proprietor, and on the first of November the house will be abandoned and the Table d'Hote readopted. I will take this opportunity to thank the patrons of the House for past favors, and promise them and the public that it will be kept in a manner to meet their approval. oc27 O. E. HALL.

FRIDAY.....JANUARY 24, 1868

THE previous absence of Mr. EUGENE CASSERLY, the new United States Senator elect from California, from any national political office, has excited no small amount of inquiry as to his past history. Mr. CASSERLY is an Irishman by birth, though he came to this country with his parents when but two years old. His father was a scholar of high attainments, and served in the capacity of a private tutor in some of the leading families of New York. His mother still lives in Brooklyn. Mr. CASSERLY, we believe, was a graduate of St. John's College, Fordham, receiving the benefits of a finished and thorough education, under the auspices of the Jesuit Fathers, whose reputation in the *rote* of professors of education, are not excelled in this country. In his early days he was one of the editors of the New York *Freeman's Journal*, and contributed for a short time, to that potential organ of the Catholic Church, many of the articles which gave to its conduct so much of character, and preserved for it its influence, as a defender of the tenets of that religious faith. At one time he occupied the high position of Corporation Counsel for the city of New York. In 1849 he emigrated to California, and for a while edited the *Balance*, a newspaper published in San Francisco. Abandoning this enterprise he returned to the bar, and soon assumed a position among its leading members, amassing a large fortune by the practice of his profession. He has always been a strong Democrat, and though in favor of the war, he supported MCCLELLAN and PENDLETON. He presided over the last Democratic State convention of California. His speech before the caucus which nominated him defines his present political position. In that speech he said: "I shall hope, at not a remote day, to stand in the Senate of the United States as an advocate—the least, perhaps, in ability of any there, but amongst the foremost for earnestness and heartfelt sincerity of purpose—of the Constitution and the laws of the United States made in accordance therewith—of the rights of the States, and of the rights of the people of the States, and particularly of the people of those States in the South now groaning under the most frightful, ignoble, and revolting bondage ever imposed upon a free people. Against that great wrong I shall hope to stand ever and always. If not in the front rank, still steady in the line of its opponents and of the defenders of constitutional rights and the true institutions of American liberty. No prouder task than that can ever fall to the lot of man; for man is never so noble as when he stands up for the rights, for the liberties, and for the protection of a trampled and much wronged minority against unreasoning, cruel, and revolting mobs. And whether I stand with few or with many—with much favor or against great opposition, I shall always stand there." The San Francisco correspondent of the New York *World* says of him: "Mr CASSERLY is a highly educated man and polished speaker. In public speaking his language is not draped in flowery and useless rhetoric, but is clothed in the bright and lasting dress of unanswerable arguments and convincing facts. He hits home directly and powerfully. As a speaker, I believe he will be felt as a power in the Senate, and I feel satisfied that the Radicals will find in him an iconoclast who will apply the hammers of reason, facts, common sense and argument most effectually in reducing many of their pet theories and chemes to powder. Mr. CASSERLY is a bigot in religious matters, and he is intensely selfish and close in all matters of business. His worldly god is money and himself. He will make a fine Senator, but a more unsociable man never entered the national chamber than he is, nor one that in the every-day affairs of life is less calculated to make friends. He is a man to admire in public, but altogether unlovable in private life. For public reasons his election is a cause of great congratulation; outside of these reasons it is not rejoiced over. He can be understood, however, that his probity has never been called in question, and there is no fear that it ever will be. His private faults will never interfere with his public usefulness." The social objections which this correspondent urges to Mr. CASSERLY are not, it will be seen, of a character to reflect upon him as a gentleman. They are directed against his careful concern for his private fortune, and his indisposition to too great a freedom of personal association. These are not qualities to unfit him for the Senate. Free as he is from all suggestion of moral turpitude, the country is to be congratulated upon the accession to the Senate of a man entertaining the sound Constitutional sentiments which his speech indicates.

A FRAGMENT of the Radical press would induce one not acquainted with the facts to believe that the whole South had abandoned ANDREW JOHNSON and the Democratic party, and gone over to SUMNER, THAD. STEVENS and Beast BUTLER. Indeed, there seems to have been a preconcerted system of lying have been a preconcerted system of lying upon the part of the Radical press, for the purpose of deceiving the Northern people. As a specimen, we make the following extract from the Philadelphia *Press*, edited by the notorious JOHN W. FORNEY:

You have already received information that Mississippi is not less certain of being restored to the Union, than is Arkansas. Judicial Confirmation. Rev. James Lynch, the distinguished colored orator, who traversed that State under the auspices of the Freedmen's Bureau and the Methodist Episcopal church, now in Washington, is perfectly confident. I wish the readers of this correspondence could hear that educated and gifted man relate his experience, and especially his intercourse with the leading whites now co-operating with the Republicans of Mississippi. Judge Alcorn, the wealthiest man in the State, who will probably be chosen United States Senator, is one of the leaders in the new movement, and he is sustained by Hon. Wiley P. Harris, well remembered as a prominent Democratic member from Mississippi in former years; Judge Yerger, beloved for his high character and judicial integrity, and many others of equal caliber.

How the case stands in Arkansas, I cannot better illustrate than by printing the following letter to the Hon. John M. Broomall, one of the Pennsylvania members of the Congressional Executive Committee:

WILLIS'S COVE, SEARCY COUNTY,
ARKANSAS, December 25, 1867.

SIR: Many thanks for your kindness in forwarding to me several copies of the Washington *Chronicle* and a quantity of documents. They have been of great service in this county in posting our party and bringing up our strength for the repent election. We have been engaged in distributing them and organizing the Radical party. We carried the county by ten to one, and can, by activity, secure four hundred majority to ratify the new Constitution, if it is truly Republican in all its features.

There are five hundred and seventy-seven registered votes in the county, only one of them a black man. So you see there are not as many voters here who fear the negro as there are in Ohio; or, at least not as many Conservative Democratic rebels. We had a "war of races" preached until the doctrine is completely worn out, and the Northern people are greatly mistaken as to any such issue, for we have had Democratic rule under notable Democrats until we are truly tired, and instead of looking on the black man as an inferior being, we have concluded he is our friend, and we intend to treat him as such.

Our rebel friends may preach anything they please, but we can say without fear of contradiction that the negro is capable in gaining a knowledge of him any actor of those among whom he is thrown than any other race of people. You may combat him to learn his mind on the leading questions of the day, and while you gain nothing, he has your political character in full, and the rebels may as well say "Dixie" as to try and get one to vote for his ticket by promising him any political favor. Let Congress be firm and not desert the Union men of the South.

Yours, in the cause of freedom and progress,
GEO. M. GALLOWAY.

This is a fair sample of the game of brag and bluster, which is now being played by the Radicals. The object of these falsehoods is to delude the Northern people—impress them with the belief that the South is rapidly drifting into Radicalism, when the truth is, that party is growing weaker every day. General ALCORN hates Democracy with a wild, fanatical bitterness that is as silly as it is ridiculous; but he does not claim to be a Radical, and will not sell himself out to that party, although he has a consuming ambition to fill a seat in the United States Senate, which almost amounts to monomania. WILEY P. HARRIS has no sympathy with Radicalism; neither has Judge WILLIAM YERGER. We know nothing of GEORGE M. GALLOWAY, of Arkansas; but our impression is he is a bad man, desecrating a good name. We publish his letter that our friends of Searcy county may see how they have been calumniated and misrepresented.

GOVERNOR PATTON, of Alabama, is about to receive his thirty pieces of silver. Last summer we denounced him as a traitor to his people, to the memory of his noble sons, and to the cause he once hypocritically professed to love. The despicable apostate raised his treacherous hands in holy horror, and endeavored to make the people believe he was a poor innocent, most foully persecuted by the wicked AVALANCHE. He said his course was prompted by no hope of securing office under the Reconstruction act, as he was proscribed by its provisions. But it seems while patriotism bubbled upon his lips, falsehood was simmering in his heart. The recent proceedings in Congress account for the milk in the cocoanut. Senator WILSON, of Massachusetts, a few days since, introduced a resolution in the Senate of the United States relieving Governor PATTON, of Alabama, of all the disabilities which the Reconstruction act inflicted upon the truly "loyal" patriot of Alabama. We presume Beast BUTLER will introduce a similar resolution in the House, and in the spring of 1868 the PATTON larva of 1867 will come forth full fledged upon the attractive wings of Radical gossamer, bunting for a seat in the United States Senate with as much avidity as a butterfly or a humming bird ever hunted for a sweet scented flower. It has been truthfully and beautifully said, that the saddest knell which ever rings over the fall from virtue and integrity, is to hear the lost esteem of those we love. When Governor PATTON takes his position with the Radical party in the United States Congress, beside WILSON and STEVENS and BUTLER—when he finds himself there in dreary isolation, the gloomiest knell that will ever ring in his ears or penetrate his heart, will be to hear the lost esteem of his friends and the bitter execrations of an honest people. It is said even maiden modesty, long denuded, forgets how to blush; but we hope Governor PATTON is not altogether lost to shame. He has shown himself treacherous and corrupt—that he loves office more than principle, but he has some sensibility left, and he will sigh for the friendship he has forfeited, the honor he has sold, when he sees and feels and hears the indignation of a people who once fondly loved, but now disown him with scorn and loathing.

WE would again call the attention of the public to the meeting to be held at Odd Fellows' Hall this evening, at three o'clock. The mere proposition to hold this conference has advanced city scrip five per cent. Much good will result if the tax payers called upon will attend and co-operate with the Mayor and Board of Aldermen in their praiseworthy efforts to wrest the city from the verge of repudiation or bankruptcy. Mr. MCDAVITT is determined—if labor can possibly prevent it—that our city shall not be plunged into the turgid gulf, and if he is supported by those who are so deeply interested, our monetary affairs will soon be placed on so secure a basis, that the liabilities of the city can be managed with but little embarrassment to ourselves, and no danger to our creditors. Our city had reached a crisis in financial affairs, beyond which the most prudent scarcely dared to look; and yet in a short space of time all gloom has been dispelled, confidence restored, and the public impressed with the belief that their plighted faith will remain unimpaired, and their city debt entirely within their control. It is to make permanent and real this confidence that the meeting is proposed to-day. We hope there will be a general attendance. The Acting Mayor has called to his aid the clearest and ablest financial minds of the city, and we hope they will give him the benefit of their wise counsels.

BY TELEGRAPH

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

Proceedings of the Fortieth Congress.

Important Bills Reported By Committees.

Latest European News, per the Cable.

Proceedings of the Louisiana Convention

Terrible Explosion at Winham, Massachusetts.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, January 23.

The Committee on Reconstruction have agreed on the following bill, to be hereafter reported:

Be it enacted, etc., That the appellate jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of the United States shall not extend to any act which shall be done, or to any proceeding had, or which shall be had under and by virtue of the act entitled "An act to provide for a more efficient government in the rebel States," approved March 2d, 1867, or the several acts supplementary thereto; and all such cases now pending in said courts, either by appeal or otherwise, or from any proceedings or decisions had in the premises in any district or circuit court of the United States, shall be dismissed by said Supreme Court, and no record of any proceedings had, or which may be had under either of the district commanders, or under either of the said acts shall be removed to, or reviewed in any other tribunal, either upon a writ of habeas corpus, involving similar constitutional questions, *quo warranto*, or in any other manner whatever.

The vote of the Committee was: Yeas—Stevens, of Pennsylvania, Boutwell, of Massachusetts, Bingham, of Ohio, Farnsworth, of Illinois, Beaman, of Michigan, and Payne, of Ohio—6. Nays—Hulburt, (Republican) of New York, Brooks, of New York (Democrat), and Beck, of Kentucky (Democrat)—3.

The bill, if it should become a law, would apply to McCardle's and other cases involving similar constitutional questions.

The House Committee on Foreign Affairs have agreed upon the following bill:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted, etc*, That all naturalized citizens of the United States, when in foreign States, shall be entitled to, and receive from this Government, the same protection in person and property that is accorded to native born citizens in like circumstances; and the President is empowered to use the influence and authority of this Government in all just endeavors to secure a recognition by other governments of the principles which have been maintained and insisted upon by the Government of the United States in regard to the rights of naturalized citizens; provided, always, that no citizen, native born or naturalized, who is guilty of crime against the laws of any foreign state committed within its jurisdiction, or of deserting from actual service in the army or navy of such state, or who shall have acquired naturalization by misrepresentation or fraud, or who, as to residence, or by treason or by other crime against the United States shall have forfeited it, or shall have renounced his rights as a naturalized citizen, shall not be entitled to the protection contemplated by this bill.

Sec. 2. *Be it further enacted*, That whenever it shall be duly made known to the President that any naturalized citizen of the United States has been arrested or detained by any foreign government in contravention of the intent and purposes of this act, upon the allegation that a naturalization in the United States does not operate to dissolve his allegiance to his native sovereign; or that any native born citizen shall have been arrested or detained without a charge of crime committed within the jurisdiction of said State, and whose release shall have been unreasonably delayed, or refused, then the President shall be, and is hereby empowered, by way of indemnity and reprisal, to order the arrest and detain in custody any subject of such foreign government, who may be found within the jurisdiction of the United States, and the President shall, without unreasonable delay, give information to Congress of such proceedings of indemnity and reprisals.

Sec 3. *Be it further enacted*, That if any naturalized citizen of the United States shall return to his native country with the intent of resuming his domicile therein, or shall leave the United States with the intention of making a permanent residence in any foreign country, or shall engage in an army or navy belligereut in any foreign war or service, then such naturalized citizen shall not be entitled to the interposition of the Government in his behalf, under the provisions of this act.

Sec. 4. *Be it further enacted*, That the term domicile, in the preceding section, shall be construed to mean "a continued residence of more than one year in the native country of the naturalized citizen, or establishing himself in any business, which denotes an intention to resume a permanent residence."

FOREIGN.

FLORENCE, January 23.

The bill imposing a tax upon incomes in certain cases, has been adopted by Parliament.

PARIS, January 23.

It is reported to day on good authority that the Emperor has forbidden the publication of Prince Napoleon's pamphlet, on the subject of the foreign and domestic affairs of France.

MADRID, January 23.

A bill furnishing the improved breech-loading arms to the army, has passed the Cortez, and is now a law.

PARIS, January 23.

Admiral Farragut's fleet will remain at Toulon during the rest of the winter.

LONDON, January 23.

At a Ministerial dinner at Bristol last evening Lord Stanley made a speech, wherein he said that the condition of Ireland had never been more prosperous. He thought the proposed Church Reforms ought to go over to the next Parliament, and as to reforms in Ireland, he thought they were out of the question.

The tone of the French and Prussian press is eminently peaceful.

The Chinese Government has taken some military steps on the Russian frontier, which Russia regards as warlike and an offense. A protest is to be sent.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, January 23.

The Convention, under the head of general provisions, adopted article ninety-seven of the Constitution, which provides that every citizen of the United States, residents of the State one year and the parish sixty days, shall be deemed an elector, except those disfranchised by this constitution or under interdiction.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, January 23.

Partial returns of the business transacted during 1867 by the leading firms of this city show that twenty-one firms transtacted a business exceeding $2,000,000; seventy-six firms exceeded $1,000,000; and one hundred and seventy six report a business of over $500,000.

BOSTON.

BOSTON, January 23.

A terrible explosion occurred in the Chinese arsenal, at Wiuham, to-day. The loss of life is estimated at 7,000, but probably 1,000 is nearer the number. The shock was felt 120 miles distant.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, January 23.

River falling slowly; five feet three inches in the canal. Weather clear. Thermometer 40°

Fortieth Congress----First Session.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, January 23.

The House resumed the consideration of the Senate's amendment to the House bill in relation to additional bounty. The question being on the amendment reported by the Committee on Military Affairs, of the Senate. The amendment, which is a substitute for the House bill, provides "that if a person be entitled to a bounty, as provided in sections seven and eight of the act of July 28, 1866, dies before receiving the bounty, it shall be paid to his heir as designated in the order named therein, and to none other. The amendments of the Committee are to add after the word "person," the words "or persons," and to strike out the words "a soldier." After considerable discussion the House seconded the previous question. And the amendments as reported by the Committee on Military Affairs were agreed to. And the Senate's amendments as amended were also agreed to; yeas, 94; nays, 54.

The Military Committee reported back adversely the petition of some volunteer officers commissioned since March 3, 1865, for three months extra pay.

Mr. Pile, of Missouri, from the same Committee, reported a bill authorizing the Secretary of War to sell the grounds now occupied as a United States arsenal at Liberty, Missouri, with the public buildings, etc.; also a portion of the Fort Leavenworth reservation grounds, and the St. Louis arsenal grounds, to be divided into lots for building, one-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash, and also authorizing the Secretary of War to establish an arsenal at Jefferson Barracks, Missouri, at a cost not exceeding $150,000. The bill was passed with a slight amendment.

The death of the late Cornelius O. Hamilton, of the Eighth Congressional District of Ohio, was then announced by his colleague, who pronounced an eulogy. Appropriate remarks were made by Messrs. Morgan, Buckland and Walker, and appropriate resolutions were adopted, and at a quarter before three the House adjourned.

TENNESSEE LEGISLATURE.

From the Banner of Wednesday.]

TUESDAY, January 21, 1868.

There was very little done in this body yesterday. The Senate bill embodying the following provisions passed third reading:

To repeal an act giving grand juries discretionary power to make presentment on drunkenness, and giving any grand juror the right to present on indictment against any clerk or deputy, sheriff or deputy, register or deputy, coroner, jailor, trustee, justice of the peace or surveyor for drunkenness, and that no prosecutor is necessary in such cases, and on conviction said person shall be removed from office, and also making it an indictable offense for any person to get drunk publicly and use vulgar and profane language.

In the House, Mr. Bosson offered a resolution, which was adopted, tendering the Hall of the House to the Republican State Convention, which meets to-morrow.

Mr. Bean introduced a bill fixing the legal rate of interest in this State at seven per cent. per annum, and allowing stipulated interest at any rate not greater than twelve per cent. Passed first reading, and referred to Judiciary Committee.

[Mr. Bowles, from the Judiciary Committee, returned the bill to prevent disfranchised rebels from practicing law in the Courts of this State.

A memorial of the Legislature to Congress in regard to indebtedness of railroads in this State to the Federal Government, asking the assignment of such indebtedness to the State for the benefit of common schools, was adopted.

The bill to establish a normal school in each of the three geographical divisions of the State, and to create a State Normal School Board, passed second reading.

National bank circulation, $299,569,296.

Internal revenue receipts last week, $2,178,000.

Dickens raised $20,000 by the sale of his tickets in Baltimore.

Twenty thousand tons of ice will be packed in Peoria this season.

The ice in the river at Dubuque, Iowa, is twenty-one inches thick, and very clear.

A Congressman had his pocket picked of five hundred dollars in Philadelphia, on Sunday.

Jordan water, supposed to be very efficient for baptism, is advertised in the New York papers.

S. W. Jones, a colored barber, has been nominated for Congress in the Tuscaloosa District, Alabama.

There are four members of the Senate Judiciary Committee opposed to the new Supreme Court bill, and three in favor of it.

Judge Wm. H. Russell, of Lincoln county, Kentucky, will probably be appointed Associate Justice for New Mexico.

The Commissioner of Agriculture estimates the corn crop of 1867 at 800,775,820 bushels, and the cotton crop at 2,350,000 bales.

It is said Stanton will rescind Grant's order discontinuing the Freedmen's Bureau in Tennessee and Kentucky after February 15.

Graham, who shot his wife in Philadelphia last week, is now a raving maniac, and was out of his head when the deed was committed.

Another Lilliputian marriage is announced, that of Commodore Nutt and Miss Minnie Warren. The combined fortunes of the pair amount to $250,000.

A diver named Murphy has commenced operations in Havana to raise the $10,000 in specie that was sunk on board the steamer Rhone during the hurricane of October 29.

T. R. O'Connor, a school teacher of Richfield, Minnesota, was put off the cars for failing to pay the extra ten cents exacted for not procuring a ticket, and was frozen to death.

J. G. Wheeler, of the firm of Gamble & Co., stationers, was severely bruised from the effects of a shock received while opening a letter received through the postoffice at Nashville, Tuesday.

The Judiciary Committee of the Senate were to take up the Supreme Court bill yesterday. It is believed that, of the committee, Trumbull, Hendricks, Johnson and Frelinghuysen are against it, and Conkling, Stewart and Edmunds for it.

At Tynor's station, Tennessee, on Tuesday, a hog seized a baby, and before the mother could reach it, had nearly killed it. She had laid it upon the floor while she went to the spring, about one hundred yards off. When she returned, imagine her feelings on seeing her babe being rapidly devoured by this huge monster.

The Knoxville *Press* says that a young man named Peyton Gray, residing near Tazewell, committed suicide Tuesday, Gray had been depressed for some time. A Baltimore corn dealer made a contract with him for one thousand bushels of corn, at a lower price than the market rate. He, Gray, being ignorant of the rates, had lost about $500 by the contract.

We learn from *Brownlow's Whig* that a very destructive fire occurred at Maryville on Saturday night of last week, by which a large portion of the business part of the town was consumed. The fire originated in the office of the Maryville *Republican*, which office was entirely destroyed. Several stores were burned, Captain J. A. Goddard suffering more severely than any other, his entire stock of goods being consumed. Little or no insurance.

Boyd & Co., solicitors of patents, 208 Pine street, St. Louis, Missouri, officially report to the AVALANCHE the following patents granted Tennessee, Kentucky and Louisiana inventors, for the week ending 14th January, 1868: Tennessee—B. F. Woodside, McDonalde, friction matches; W. W. Johnson, Nashville, picket pointing machine, Kentucky—J. P. Wigal, Henderson, animal trap. Louisiana—L. A. Gossin, Lafourche, method of stopping crevasses; J. C. McBeth, New Orleans, breech loading fire arms.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Trader, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of their brother JOHN R. MAY, from their residence, 91 Union street. Services by the Rev. S. H. Ford, at half past two o'clock, this afternoon. Carriages in attendance at the house.

DIED.

In this city, at the residence of Dr. E. A. White on Wednesday evening, January 22d, 1868, after an illness of three days, SIPPIE FINCH, consort of Jas. H. Smith, of this city.

Louisville, Kentucky, and Washington, Arkansas, papers please copy.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

DAN ABLE & CO.,
Succs sors of
Hatch & Able and Hatch, Maurice & Co.,
DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Liquors,
ALCOHOL,
Proof Spirits and High Wines,
No. 216 Walnut Street,
ja24 ST. LOUIS.

Administrator's Sale

ON the 31 day of February, 1868, at the Auction Room of W. H. PASSMORE & CO., No. 280 Second street,

I will sell at Public Auction for cash, the entire Household Furniture and effects of John Co burn, deceased.

ja24 JOHN KELLY, Administrator.

Underwriter's Sale,
By W. H. PASSMORE & CO.,

THIS MORNING of 25 half barrels Butter; 50 boxes Soap, etc., etc. Terms Cash. ja24

MASONIC NOTICE.

A SUMMONS is hereby issued to the Officers and Members of Hamilton Lodge No. 198, to attend a Master Masons Lodge, at the Lodge Room (Large Rooms Hall,) Odd Fellows' Building, on SATURDAY EVENING, January 25th, at 7½ o'clock, for important special business. Every member of the Lodge will be expected at this meeting. All Master Masons in the city, especially the officers of the sister city lodges, are fraternally invited to meet with us. By order of

HENRY J. LYNN, W. M.
Attest: W. H. BUTTS, Secretary. ja23

E. ENSLEY,

WILL make liberal advances on Cotton shipped to SAWYER, WALLACE & CO., Commission Merchants, New York. ja24

SMITH & LEECH,

RECTIFIERS AND WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALERS
342 Second Street, Memphis, Tenn.
To the trade only. Liberal inducements to Cash purchasers. ja9

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER.

Lessee and Manager.....W. C. THOMPSON
Stage Manager.....BARNEY H. FRANCE
Treasurer.....C. D. STRICKLAND

BENEFIT OF EDWIN ADAMS, who will appear in two capital pieces.

FRIDAY EVENING, JANUARY 24th,
HERETIC. To be followed by the DRAMATIST.

WANTED—50 YOUNG LADIES. Apply between one and two o'clock at the Theater.

CHANGE OF TIME.

Doors open at a quarter past seven; Curtain rises quarter to eight.

New Memphis Theater.

Sig. Lotti's Grand Opera.

SIGNOR LOTTI announces to the citizens of Memphis that he will give a short season of

FOUR GRAND OPERAS,

Commencing Tuesday Evening, January 28th,

as follows: NANTHA; FAUST; DER FREISCHUSTS; MAGIC FLUTE; supported by the following eminent artists: Prima donnas—MARIE FREDERIC, CLARA LANG, SOPHIA DELINSA LOTTI, FRANZ HIMMER. Sig. LOTTI; Baritone—HEINRICH STEINER; Basso—Jos. WEINLICH. ARNOLD GRAFF, who full charges and orchestra.

WILLIAM GROSCUSTH.....Musical Director.

PRICES OF ADMISSION—General Admission $1; Extra for Reserved seats, 50c; Family Circle, 50c; Gallery, 25c.

Sale of R. served seats will open Saturday, January 25th, at 10 o'clock a. m., at Kalzenbach's Music Store, 317 Main street. ja24

VARIETIES THEATER.

CORNER OF MAIN AND WASHINGTON STREETS.

CHAS. H. H. BROOM.....Lessee and Proprietor.

BEHOLD THE ARRAY OF TALENT AT THIS TEMPLE OF FUN!

EMILIE AUGUSTA LAMBREAUX,
MISS HELEN DEVERE,
MISS LULA WHARTON,
MISS KATE FARRINGTON.

GRAND BALLET OF TWELVE BEAUTIFUL YOUNG LADIES, under the direction of Miss EMILIE AUGUSTA LAMBREAUX, the Spanish Dancer.

JOHNNY HART and OSCAR WILLIS, the King and Prince of Ethiopian Minstrelsy.

TONY HERTON, the Irish Lad.

DELAWARE BOYS, in their champion Double Clog.

Wanted—Twenty Ballet Girls.

Admission.....50 cents; | Private Boxes.....$5.00

Doors open at 6½ o'clock. Performance to commence at 7½ o'clock. ja22

GRAND BALL

FOR THE BENEFIT OF

St. Mary's Catholic Church,

AT THE

EXCHANGE BUILDING,

On Tuesday Evening, Jan. 28, 1868.

Tickets of Admission, $1.50.

ja22

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LUNN & MALLON,

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND

STEAM PIPE FITTERS,

204 Main Street,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE,

HAVE on hand a large stock of PUMPS, CHANDELIERS, LEAD AND IRON PIPES, BRASS WORK of every description for Gas, Steam and Water.

Jobbing promptly attended to. ja22

CHARLESTON HOTEL,
Charleston, S. C.

THE undersigned, respectfully informs his friends and the traveling public, that he has taken charge of the above well-known FIRST-CLASS HOTEL, and refurnished and refitted it, in all its departments.

The celebrated ARTESIAN WATER BATHS, Hot, Cold and Shower, at all hours.

Coaches run to and from all Railroads and Steamers with attentive Porters. The patronage of the traveling public is respectfully solicited. J. P. HORBACH, Agent,
ja22 Proprietor.

Sheriff's Sale.

E. A. Hatcher vs. Mayor and Aldermen of Memphis.

UNDER and by virtue of an execution to me directed from the Law Court of Memphis, in the case mentioned case, I will offer and sell to the highest bidder for cash,

On Monday, February 10th, 1868,

Between the hours prescribed by law, in front of the Court-house door in the city of Memphis, county of Shelby and state of Tennessee, the following described Real Estate, viz: Fifty Acres of Land on the waters of Nonconnah creek, in Shelby county, about four miles from Memphis. Said property was levied on as the property of defendants, and will be sold as above mentioned, to satisfy said execution.

F. M. WINTERS, Sheriff.
By JAMES F. LANFORD, D. S. ja21

FLAHERTY & WESCHE,
FURNITURE DEALERS
AND
UNDERTAKERS,

37 Union Street, Memphis, Tennessee,

Old Stand of J. & M. Flaherty.

N. B.—Private Carriages and Furniture Cars for hire at all times. ja22

WILLIAM STEEL. JOSEPH FLYNN.

STEEL & FLYNN,

RESTAURANT,

No. 41 North Court Street, Memphis, Tenn.

KEEP on hand all the delicacies as well as the substantials of the season, which are served up for customers in good style by first-class cooks, and at rates to suit these hard times. ja22

COAL! COAL!

C. T. PETERSON,
DEALER IN THE BEST
PITTSBURG COAL,
Office No. 13 Madison Street.

CAPTAIN LARRY HARMSTAD will act as Agent at the corner of Main and Madison, and receive orders for the delivery of Coal. ja22

SLAUGHTERING.

Hogs, Sheep and Cattle.

I AM now fully prepared to Slaughter all kinds of animals at shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms, at my slaughter pen near the Memphis Stock Yard, Second street, Chelsea.

I am also prepared to furnish the best and freshest MEATS of all kinds, Sausage, etc., at my meat stall, No. 76 South Market.

Orders for Fresh Meats or Slaughtering promptly attended to.

Ja22 FRED. [illegible]

E. O. HURD,

COTTON COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 49

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

FRIDAY, [illegible] JANUARY 4, 1868

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail Daily	2:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M
Grand Junction Accommodation (daily except Sunday)	8:30 P.M.	10:30 A.M.
Somerville Accommodation (daily, except Sunday)	8:35 A.M.	5:30 P.M

Railroad time fifteen minutes faster than city time. Ticket offices, 276 Main street, and at Depot.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express—Daily	2:35 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Mail & Accommodation	10:30 A.M.	12:30 P.M.
Brinkley Accommodation	10:30 A.M.	4:30 P.M.

Express trains daily. Accommodation and Freight daily except Sunday. Time to New Orleans 32 hours and 50 minutes.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Day Express	9:15 A.M.	7:00 A.M.
Night Express	2:30 P.M.	9:30 P.M.
Brownsville Accommodation	10:30 A.M.	4:30 P.M.

Railroad time 15 minutes faster than city. Ticket office No. 276 Main street. Depot head of Main street.

POST OFFICE ARRANGEMENTS.

CLOSING OF MAILS.

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, and all points North and East, 9:00 A.M., at 2:30 P.M.

For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile, New York, Nashville and all cities South, and Eastern Railroads, at 2:30 P.M.

For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Vicksburg, Natchez, and all cities South, at 3:30 P.M.

All letters for Mississippi and Tennessee and New Orleans, Jackson and cross Southern Railroads, at 3:30 P.M.

All letters on the Memphis and Louisville and Branch Railroads, at 9:00 A.M.

All letters on the Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee, at 12:00 P.M.

ROBERT C. GIST, Postmaster.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.—Captain J. C. Thrall is our only authorized traveling agent. He is empowered by us to make collections, receive subscriptions, and establish news agencies in West Tennessee, North Mississippi and North Alabama. His receipts will be recognized by us.

M. C. GALLAWAY & Co.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Our city patrons are requested not to pay any one for subscriptions to the AVALANCHE without a certificate from the office authorizing them to collect.

M. C. GALLAWAY & Co.

NOTICE.—The proprietors of the AVALANCHE will from this date (7th day of December, 1867) refuse to pay the individual bills of any person connected with the paper. No debts against the AVALANCHE will be paid unless they originate in the office.

NOTICE—COMMERCIAL BANK.—Those who owe the AVALANCHE for either advertising or subscriptions, previous to November 1st, 1867, can pay the same by checks on the Commercial Bank at par.

NOTICE TO THE PATRONS OF THE AVALANCHE.—Persons indebted to the AVALANCHE previous to the last day of December, 1867, will settle the same with L. O. Rives, Esq., attorney at law, No. 306 Main street, over Mansfield's drug store, or collection will be enforced by law on or after the 15th of February, 1868.

The members of the Shelby county Executive Committee will please meet at the office of the Chairman on Saturday, January 25th, at two o'clock p.m. for the transaction of important business. Prompt attendance is especially enjoined upon all.

By order M. D. L. STEPHENSON, Chairman.

HORSE STOLEN.—A sorrel horse was stolen, on Monday night, from the factory lot in Chelsea, valued at $100.

COW STOLEN.—A cow was stolen yesterday from Monroe street, near the bayou, belonging to Abraham Jacobs. It was valued at sixty dollars.

We open our dress department this (Friday) morning, with Irish poplins (genuine makes), choice shades, at $1 50 cents per yard, at Wells & Coli's, 267 Main street.

Among the arrivals yesterday at the Gayoso we notice Colonel Andrew Jackson, of Tennessee, General Robert C. Foster, the third, of Nashville, and Colonel Joseph R. Mosby, of Fayette.

COMMITTED.—Pat Kelly, who stole a suit of clothes on Christmas day from Charles King, of the Overton Hotel, was yesterday examined on the charge, and sent to jail.

SENT UP.—Bob Bradley, who, some time since, stole eighty-nine dollars from a lady named Dongan, was yesterday committed to jail by Squire Miller, in default of $2,000 bail.

ROBBERY.—The pantry cook of the Monroe Hambleton yesterday had Wyatt Cardwell arrested, on a charge of stealing from him ninety dollars, and fifty cents in bills and its contents. He will be examined to-day.

GOOD.—The City Assessors have been furnished with an ambulance and the assistance of an engineer to enable them to investigate boundaries and ascertain the ownership and value of lots in the new wards.

FASTING AND PRAYER.—To-day has been set apart as a day of general fasting, prayer and humiliation by the General Assembly of the Presbyterian church. Services will be held at the different churches of that denomination this morning.

SUMMONED.—A venire of forty jurors for the next term of the Criminal Court was ordered to be summoned yesterday. This is from the criminal side of the concern. We have not yet heard from the contempt side.

OPERA.—The Lotti German opera troupe will commence an engagement on Tuesday evening next at the New Memphis Theater. Numbered among the troupe are several distinguished and well known artists, and the musical and dramatic performances have added *eclat* to more than one opera combination.

OPERA COMING.—Signor Lotti's grand opera troupe will open at the New Memphis Theater, on Tuesday night, and give four performances. The sale of tickets will commence at Ratzenbuch's music store, 317 Main street, at eleven o'clock on to-morrow (Saturday) morning. We understand they have met with success wherever they have performed.

REOPENED.—The palatial saloon known as the "Crystal Palace," in the alley in the rear of Kremer's, will be reopened on Saturday next, in the interest of Anna Rocco. A good lunch will be spread, and the best liquors to be found in the city will always be on hand. This saloon is one of the finest fitted up in the country, and, from the character of the man who will superintend it, has conduct will be worthy of the fame it has heretofore possessed. 3t

TEMPERANCE GRAND DIVISION.—The following grand officers are in attendance at the quarterly session of the Tennessee Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance, now in session at the corner of Court and Main street, besides about twenty-two representatives: George S. Blackie, G. W. P.; editor of the *Southern Sun*, published at Nashville, and G. H. C. Gurry, G. S.; E. W. Adams, G. T., also of Nashville; and J. W. Dashiel, G. C., of Memphis.

LAGER BEER.—The Eagle Brewery of Memphis is now making as good lager beer as can be imported into the city, and Dom Zweifel deserves the thanks of all lovers of the beverage for the existence of this fact. He has opened Baum's old saloon on Adams street, between Main and Second, where he will keep it always on tap, in connection with the best liquors to be found in the city. Those who want a good glass of beer, call on Zweifel.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: In reply to the several calls which have been made upon me to become a candidate for County Trustee at the ensuing March election, I can only say that if it shall be thought by the Conservative party that it would be conducive to the success of the party for me to become a candidate for that office, I cannot decline a nomination. Having lived in the county over thirty years, and being well known to most of the citizens of the county, I readily place myself in their hands, and if they shall so decide, will make the race to the best of my ability. Respectfully,

GEO. C. HOLMES.

PERSONAL.—Captain Dan Able arrived in the city yesterday, from St. Louis.

Captain Ben Johnson, the old and well known river man, is in the city from St. Louis.

John Somerville arrived in the city yesterday morning, and immediately delivered himself up to the custody of Sheriff Winters.

Colonel Du Bose has entered suit against Judge Leonard for the sum of $50,000 damages, for false imprisonment. We hope he will get it.

Bishop Marvin, of the Methodist church South, is at present engaged in preaching a series of sermons at the Central Methodist church, on Union street, which cannot fail to do much good to the noble cause in which he is enlisted.

Mrs. General Reilly, whose husband served with distinction under General Price, passed through the city yesterday. We are sorry to hear that she was in reduced circumstances; but thanks to some of the noble men of Memphis, among whom were Jim Peterson and Captain Crawford, she was enabled to reach the scene of her husband's fame, Missouri.

Judge Hunter, now of Memphis, but formerly a horn-tooter of Cairo, is still perseveringly persecuting the Memphis AVALANCHE, the editors of which paper persist in regarding him and his court with supreme contempt. If he will pay Mr. B. S. Harrell, of this city, rent for the house in which he lived here some years, and for which he failed to pay before he left our city, we will consent to hold our peace about the judicial wretch of Memphis, who perverts justice and courts the negroes. —*Cairo Democrat.*

So will we, if, in addition to paying Harrell, he pays Flynn and Fielding Hurst, the money out of which he has *swindled* them; if he pays the $600 to the man in Mound City, who entrusted him with certain accounts to collect, and returns the gold watch which he stole about the same time. In fact, if he ceases to be a *liar* and a *thief*, we will say no more about him.

(COMMUNICATED.)

EDITORS AVALANCHE: I have heard it remarked on several occasions of late, by persons who assume to know, that no person would be nominated at the forthcoming Conservative Convention unless they had been conspicuous as workers in said party. We hope these reports are incorrect. We cannot believe that the leaders of the Conservative party are so short sighted and so narrow minded. If so, but a few more Conservative victories would have to be recorded before oppression, selfishness, dishonesty and ignorance would be as common in the Conservative ranks as it is now in the Radical. The better, purer, nobler portion of our community would cease to take any political interest in our affairs if it depended on the number of *public* hosannas they shouted to prove their worth and principles. I have said that I trust the report mentioned is incorrect, but to show that it had a semblance of truth, my attention has been called to the nominations made for our city officers; some of whom are already asking for clerical assistance—a clerk to do what they should do themselves. Honesty should be a prerequisite to any Conservative office, but capacity, intelligence and experience are quite as essential, and should be the ground work to base nominations. If this is to be the course pursued, the "thousand and one" more modest Conservatives had better retire, if the coming convention is to be packed to "elect the most conspicuous workers," or a certain class to suit a certain class, when the more worthy and deserving, or the more intelligent and experienced with equal honesty is passed by, then Conservatism is a misnomer, and he who has not a sanguine temperament, and has not the ability or inclination to make a public display of his principles, must retire until they make themselves more *popular* and undeserving.

CONSERVATIVE.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: In reply to the several calls which have been made upon me to become a candidate for County Trustee at the ensuing March election, I can only say that if it shall be thought by the Conservative party that it would be conducive to the success of the party for me to become a candidate for that office, I cannot decline a nomination. Having lived in the county over thirty years, and being well known to most of the citizens of the county, I readily place myself in their hands, and if they shall so decide, will make the race to the best of my ability. Respectfully,

GEO. C. HOLMES.

EXPRESS ROBBERY.

An Adams Express Office Robbed of $1,800—The Thief Arrested and Money Recovered.

The Adams Express office in Dresden, Weakley county, Tennessee, was robbed on last Saturday night, of $1,800. The town of Dresden is situated on the line of the Northwestern railroad, between McKenzie and Hickman, and is the county seat of Weakley. The office of the company was entered, the safe blown open, and $1,800 in currency carried off. The telegraph was immediately put in requisition, and suspicion was at once fastened on a man named Hogan, who has acquired some little notoriety, and who had been in Dresden within a short time. Detectives were put upon his track, and it was found that he had gone North. He was closely followed, but succeeded in evading arrest until night before last, when he was arrested in Louisville. A dispatch was received in this city, detailing the particulars of his arrest, which was immediately answered, asking that he be held until a requisition from Governor Brownlow could reach them. The company and the detectives merit much praise for their exertions in this affair.

FROM VICKSBURG TO WASHINGTON.

Journey of a Federal Soldier.

We had the pleasure of a call, yesterday, from Mr. B. H. Bates, a Federal soldier in a Wisconsin regiment, who was on his way to Vicksburg, to start on an overland trip from that point to Washington City, to demonstrate the perfect safety to a Federal soldier in passing through the South carrying the American flag. To make this trip, he will have to pass through five or six of the so-called rebel States, which he proposes to do, and to arrive in Washington City about the Fourth of July. The occasion of the undertaking arises from a wager which he made with some Radicals in Wisconsin, that he could perform the feat, carrying the American flag, without being interfered with, or endangered in his personal safety. We feel satisfied that the gentleman can win his wager, and we wish him God speed on his journey. He called to see us yesterday, and we extended to him our good offices, and our townsman, Captain A. S. Livermore, Superintendent of the Memphis and Tennessee railroad, passed him through to Vicksburg, from which point he will start next week.

FOUND DEAD.

The Body of a Negro Found in a Boiler Into which He had Crawled to Die.

If any doubt the destitution and misery which at present exist among the once happy negroes of the South, he has but to come to Memphis, and spend only an hour in visiting its many out of the way places where this unfortunate class most do congregate. Liberty was forced upon the poor slave, and as a general thing he knows about as much of the responsibilities of his new condition as a monkey does of grammar, or Beecher does of honesty. Since freedom, irresponsible freedom, was thrust upon him, he has been going from bad to worse, from degradation to degradation, until he has now sounded almost the lowest depths of poverty and abject misery. His once sleek and comfortably clothed person is now as gaunt as that of Hunger, and as ragged as ever the worst of Falstaff's recruits. From one end of the South to the other these black vagrants are roaming over the face of the country seeking employment, inflicting depredations, and when they can find nothing to steal, they lie down and die. The latest case of this kind which has come to our knowledge is that of a mulatto man who had been in the habit, who was found dead yesterday morning, on an old stags plank at the foot of the bluff, near the levee. It is said that he came off one of the steamboats at the landing during the night, and making his way across the levee, laid himself down on the plank, in which exposed condition he expired. An inquest was held upon the body yesterday by Justice of Cotton, which resulted in a verdict that he came to his death from want and exposure.

THE DUBOSE CONTEMPT CASE.

The Line of Argument and Progress of the Case.

In the contempt case of J. J. DuBose, now being investigated on writ of habeas corpus before Judge Pierce of the Law Court, Mr. Hudson resumed his argument on behalf of the County Court, and invited attention to the question as to whether the Judge of the Law Court could grant a writ of habeas corpus—where a party was declared in contempt by another court—he insisted that the County Court had original jurisdiction in many cases, and concurrent jurisdiction over the question of contempt with the Chancery and Circuit Courts, and cited History of Law Suit, 747, case of Brian vs. Hart, 6th Humphrey's. He wanted he presumed that Judge Leonard acted within the scope of his authority and jurisdiction, and had a right to fine and imprison for contempts committed in the presence of the Court, and cited the Code in regard to punishments for contempts.

Judge Pierce—Could the Circuit Court imprison a party until he purge himself of contempt where the offense does not consist of the nonperformance of some duty ordered?

Mr. Hudson—I was of the opinion that in many cases it could do so. No court could issue a writ of habeas corpus where a party is under sentence of another court of concurrent jurisdiction—3d Sneed, 723, and cases cited therein. Courts, at some time, may have held that they might inquire into the facts of the contempt, but the weight of authority will be found the other way—4th Johnson, 356, being a decision on habeas corpus.

Mr. Randolph—There is a case in 9th Johnson which overruled that case in 4th Johnson.

Mr. Hudson—Did not so understand the ruling of the Court. [Read the case at length.]

Mr. Randolph—The English courts are not restrained by statute as to punishment for contempts. Our courts are restrained by statute. We shall insist upon this point, to show that the English decisions cited by council are not applicable to contempt cases before our courts.

Mr. Hudson in support of the doctrine that this Court is not authorized to interfere with other courts in matters of this character, we cite the case of Gentle vs Lansing, 9th Johnson; also the case of The People vs. Nevins, 1st Hill; and Harrison's case, 2d Virginia Cases, same Digest, vol. 3, 307; in 7th Wheaton, *ex-parte* Kearny, on application for habeas corpus.

Story Justice—Delivered the opinion of the Court, and refused the writ. The same doctrine was affirmed in 3d Peters, and writ refused by Marshall, Justice; 21 Humphreys; Martin *ex-parte*.

There has been no decision in our State on this subject, since the case in 2d Humphreys. We must look to the decisions in other States. It is claimed that no notice was given to the defendant. This was not necessary. Cited 4th Johnson—case of Yates—and 3d Hill, Appendix.

Judge Leonard has not exceeded the authority given him by statute. Mr. Hudson cited the Code, section 5,752—Habeas Corpus Act—and concluded his argument by summing up his positions taken in his argument, and asked the Court to remand the petitioner to jail.

Mr. Henry, on behalf of the county Court, commenced his argument, and followed the course pursued by Mr. Hudson. He insisted that the paper issued by the Sheriff was simply a *mittimus*. He discussed at length the provisions of the Code applicable to the case. The hour of adjournment having arrived, the further argument will be resumed to-day, at twelve o'clock, m. Mr. Henry will continue his speech, and the argument will be closed by Mr. Randolph for the petitioner. We present merely a brief outline of the arguments in this interesting and important case.

MARRIAGE AT ST. PETER'S YESTERDAY.—At St. Peter's cathedral yesterday morning, Dr. Frank Smith and Miss Belle Fransiola were married, the Rev. Father Rocheford officiating. The doors of St. Peter's were barely thrown open ere the many friends of both parties thronged the church to witness the ceremonial, and tender their congratulations upon its conclusion. It is with reluctance that we bid adieu to our charming friend and honored comrade—to a companionship extending through many years of life spent by the fireside, on the march and in the camp. Even pleasant as would be the remembrance of this social intercourse, and sad as are our regrets at the loss of so shining a member of the bachelor brotherhood, all fade from the mind in anticipation of the bliss and happiness that Fortune has allotted him. Joined to one of Tennessee's loveliest daughters, with fate showering his smiles upon the happy pair, their progress in life, we earnestly trust, will be blessed with that repose, happiness and prosperity so deservedly theirs. Having struck the true ambition of life, he believes with Scotland's gifted son—

"That to make a happy fireside clime
For children and for wife,
Is the true pinnacle and sublime,
The grand and good of life."

A MAN.—The readers of the AVALANCHE well know that we are in the habit of speaking of men as we find them. For good or bad, as their character may be, we always tell the truth. We have this morning to speak of John Wilkinson, a resident of Memphis for lot these many years. In the daily walks of life no better man or finer gentleman than John Wilkinson is found, and those who have tested him most will the most heartily indorse this sentiment. The best acquisition the firm of Rogster, Townsend & Co. ever made was when they connected their fortunes with his, for his name alone is a tower of strength.

FROM NASHVILLE.—We hear from Nashville that the Hunter-Lewis-Beecher combination has been beaten in the State Convention, and that even Brownlow refused to trust further this trio of thieves. A deed set was made against Beecher to place Beecher in the Police Commissionership—affidavits, outrageous in their conception and lying in their contents, were taken to Brownlow; but for once in his life, he took an honest course, and consented to save the people of Memphis from the infliction of the pauper virtual thief—Beecher.

EMMONS & SON, No. 10 Jefferson street and 283 Main street, have received the New York Ledger, Chimney Corner, Literary Album, Boston Pilot, Rahner of Light, Sporting Times, Sunday Times, Last Sensation, Jolly Joker for February, Harper's Magazine for February, and dailies from every where. Also, diaries for 1868. Selling low. Emmons & Son's is the place to get your reading matter.

THE WITNESS CASE.—This case was continued yesterday before Squire Hall in the Criminal Court room, and so far the preponderance of the evidence seems to be in favor of the prisoners. The examination will be continued this morning, when rebutting testimony on the part of the State will be introduced. Several very rich scenes occurred in the court yesterday, but as we have no desire to forestall or impede the even flow of justice we abstain from giving them publicity.

COUNTY TRUSTEE.—As will be seen by a card elsewhere Mr. George G. Holmes is a candidate for the office of County Trustee, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. Mr. Holmes is a good man, and should his claims be indorsed by the convention of his party, we know of no man who would make a better race, or if elected a better officer.

A SCENE.

Hunter Rotten-Egged in Cairo.

We had a conversation yesterday with a gentleman who was present at a very interesting episode in the life of William H. Hunter, the theivish Nondescript at present disgracing our city. It appears that, on the occasion referred to, he commenced a speech, glorifying the negro, and placed him far ahead of the white man in many of the qualities which are ennobling in either race. The negro was docile, faithful, honest, virtuous; the white man was the entire opposite of this, and was turbulent, treacherous, a thief and corrupt. The negro was the cause of the wealth and prosperity of the South, and the white man the incubus which would keep it back from that wealth and greatness which should rival even New England. The negro had been compelled to earn his own living and to enrich the white man. He had got him far in his tirade of insult to the men of his own race and generation, when some man in the crowd hit him square in the face with an egg. Others soon followed, and it was not long until the elongated, unwieldy Nondescript was flying from a bombardment of spoiled chickens, which, had they been but half fledged, could easily have overtaken him. As it was, however, the new Judge of one of our principal courts did not stand upon the order of his going, *but he went*, and did not stop until the waters of the Ohio had been polluted, not only by *losing his person*, but in washing off the filth which the indignant people of Cairo had bestowed upon his carcass. As soon as sufficiently cleansed he struck out for Mound City, and walked six miles to reach that place, and it was some time thereafter that he ever paid Cairo a visit. We do not know what he had said or anything to do with it, but a short time after a quarantine was established there, and as a matter of course he was excluded as a source of epidemic.

THE COURTS.

LAW COURT—*James O. Pierce, Judge, etc.*—Motions were heard up to one o'clock on yesterday, and the roll of attorneys called through, when the Judge on account of case set down up, a fuller report of which will be found elsewhere.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—*O. F. Trigg, Judge.*—But little was done in this court on yesterday, all the cases called up and investigated being, at the request of counsel, laid over until to-day. Court meets this morning at the usual hour.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldron, Judge.* Meets to-day pursuant to adjournment. The following cases will be called up on writs of inquiry:

No. Ft.
1314 McLean vs the Tennessee State Marine and Fire Insurance Company.
1270 Cloonie & Co vs Kelly.
1045 Russell, Grove & Co vs Carter.
1282 Houston et al vs O'Donnell.
1294 Merritt et al vs Bashore.
1284 Oliver & Co. vs Corwin et al.

The following cases are set for trial:

222 Hook et al vs Hughes.
1 3 Hook et al vs Hughes.
381 Blalock & Co vs Mackie, Mason et al.
161 Page et al vs Bell, Perry & Co.
266 Powell, trustee, vs Williams.
385 Parks vs Thomas jr & Co.
406 Sharp vs Ferguson et a.
408 Crisp, sp-ex, vs same.
453 McLemore vs Wyncoke et al.
455 McLemore vs O'Donnell.
456 Newberger vs Creighton et al.
457 Wharton vs Carter.
458 Oliver & Co vs Peck et al.
459 Jones vs Penn.
460 Hughes vs Sheriff et ux.
461 Porter et al vs M P Commissioners.
462 Hubbard & Co vs McKierney.
4 4 Howard use etc, vs Cremer.
465 Whitehead vs Bolinger.
466 Jenkin vs Storey.
467 Wampler vs McComb.
468 Howard vs McGaveney.
469 Cohen vs Bozman.
470 Gay vs Buxhorn.
471 Grundy vs Mosley.
472 Walker vs Carpenter.
473 Small vs Mahon.
474 Small vs Mahon.
475 Court vs Same.
476 Dashiel, trustee vs Curlin et al.

A MEMPHIS INVENTION.—We saw yesterday a model of a new car brake patented by our townsman S. Browning. It is called the "friction brake," and it certainly must commend itself to all practical railroad men as the *ne plus ultra* of all that is requisite in this direction. Heretofore in stopping a train the power of the brake has only been applied to two wheels, while this friction brake applies it to every wheel, and therefore must possess at least five times the retarding power of the old brake. It also can be used both ways, and one man can control sixteen wheels, and that as readily as two are controlled now. The brake shows for itself, and makes clear the proposition—that if a car with the old brake can be stopped within one hundred yards this brake can do the same thing in less than fifty yards. The machinery of the brake is worked by a screw, which operates directly on the levers, which bring each individual break to bear upon its wheel. We commend this to practical railroad men.

NEW MEMPHIS.—The attendance last night was rather slim, but the quality of the acting was good, and it spoke well for the *heart* of the actors under adverse circumstances. The "Laundry" of Adams was good, and the "Bibs Lecour" of Frank Roche, was the best evidence of talent which he has shown since his engagement. The duel scene between Roche and Adams was most effective, and we venture the assertion that it has been but seldom excelled. To-night the great play of the "Heretic" will be produced.

CHILD BURNT.—A painful accident occurred yesterday at the residence of Mr. Jacob Fies, on Poplar street. It appears that his little daughter Rosa was playing round the fire place, in which there was a large fire burning, when her clothes caught and before the flames could be extinguished her person was so badly burned that her life is in the balance of. Dr. A. K. Taylor was called in and did all he could to ameliorate the condition of the poor little sufferer.

HERMAN'S GENUINE MEDICINAL COD LIVER OIL.—Our oil has stood the test of twenty years' experience, and is warranted pure New Foundland oil. Its superiority over that prepared on the Louisiana seashore, is shewn by the numerous cures performed by it when the inferior oils had been tried without effect. Prepared by Klegmann & Co., chemists and druggists, New York. Sold by druggists generally. 1m

RESTAURANT.—Those of our readers in want of a really good meal, should call at the establishment of Fred. Thiebald, in the Turley building, where, we assure them, they can obtain it.

Gayoso House has reduced board from $4 to $3 per day. See advertisement.

RARE CHANCE FOR A FORTUNE.—Buy tickets in the "Grand Special Scheme of the Raleigh Mineral Springs." Office at the Phœnix Insurance company's, 280 Main street. Tickets, $5. 1m

Merchants and planters, be sure to look at the bargains at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 218 Main street. Their goods will and must be sold regardless of cost or value.

Ten dollars a day made by any one with my patent stencil tools. I prepay samples free. Beware of infringers. My circulars will explain. Address A. J. Fuller, Springfield, Vermont.

M. Kraus & Co., 218 Main street, have brought from their wholesale to their retail department a large lot of new goods, which must be sold immediately regardless of cost or value.

Gayoso House has reduced board from $4 to $3 per day. See advertisement.

The greatest closing out sale of the season at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams. Their salesmen have positive orders to sell goods regardless of cost or value.

All you economical housewives who want prints at 12½c; 4-4 bleached domestics, 10c; Canton flannels at 20 cents; towels, cr sh table cloth, call on M. Kraus & Co., No. 218 Main street. Their great closing out sale still continues.

The great rush still continues at the closing out sale of M. Kraus & Co., No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams.

NOTICE.—The undersigned beg leave to state to their customers and friends that they have made considerable reductions in their general expenses, and can afford to furnish suits made from the best imported goods at a price to compete with other cities. Call and examine for yourselves.

MURRAY & RIDGLEY,
2w Merchant Tailors, 31 Madison street.

Don't forget A. Barton's confectionery and bakery, corner Poplar and Fourth streets. He keeps everything nice. 1w

Important to gentlemen who need the following: Shirts, undershirts, drawers, socks neckties, and a complete stock of furnishing goods. Call at the great closing out sale of the season, where you get them at half price, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams.

Gayoso House has reduced board from $4 to $3 per day. See advertisement.

Ladies, don't fail to look at those fine cloaks and shawls at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams, at the great closing out sale of the season. They must be sold regardless of cost or value.

MARBLE AND STONE WORKS,
99 Front Street, above Market,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

FOR SALE—The entire Stock of the late Wm. Dougherty,
COMPRISING a handsome assortment of Marble and Stone Mantles, Italian Gravestones, Monuments, Pressions, etc. which will be sold at reduced prices to close the business.
de19

Notice.

TO all whom it may concern: I will apply at the February term of the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, for the confirmation of the settlement of the estate of John Watson, deceased.
R. B. WILLIFORD,
Ja15 Administrator of John Watson, deceased.

COLGATE & CO. NEW YORK
AROMATIC
VEGETABLE SOAP,
Combined with Glycerine recommended for the delicate skin of Ladies and Children. Invented by COLGATE & CO., N. Y. Sold by all Dealers.

To Property Holders

ALL owners of City Real Estate, and all agents of owners are respectfully requested to leave with the undersigned at the Mayor's office, Memphis, Monday, of each MONTH, LEASES, SUB-DIVISIONS, etc., made by them since the last assessment.
JOHN PARK,
L. C. DUPUY,
JOHN T. TREZEVANT,
de26 Assessors.

Municipal Court of the City of Memphis.

CLERK'S OFFICE, October 15, 1868.

Ed. Worsham, plaintiff, vs. George Bayliss, defendant—Attachment Suit.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this case in pursuance of section 846 of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued to the sheriff by the proper officer, "levied, etc.," on the property of the defendant, George Bayliss; it is therefore ordered that said defendant appear at the Municipal Court Room in the city of Memphis, on or before the first Tuesday in November next, and defend this suit, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him and the cause for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.
J. R. EATON, Clerk.
A copy: S. D. TAYLOR, Deputy Clerk.
BUCHER & BELCHER, attorneys for plaintiff. Ja11

BUSINESS NOTICES.

A cough, a cold or a sore throat requires immediate attention and should be checked. If allowed to continue, irritation of the lungs, a permanent throat disease or consumption is often the result. Brown's Bronchial Troches, having a direct influence on the parts, give immediate relief. For hoarseness, sudden colds, catarrh, consumptive and throat diseases, Troches are used with always good success. Singers and public speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice. Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches," and do not take any of the worthless imitations that may be offered. Sold everywhere. eodtm

ERRORS OF YOUTH.—A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so, by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
jel5 tmw No. 42 Cedar street, New York.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething, greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation; will allay all pain and spasmodic action, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. We have put up and sold this article for years, and can say in truth and confidence and truth of it what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—never has it failed in a single instance to effect a cure, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operation, and speak in terms of commendation of its medical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "what we know," after years of experience, and plead in our reputation for the fulfillment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. Be sure and call for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base counterfeits. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Price only thirty-five cents per bottle. Office—215 Fulton street, New York: 26 High Holborn, London, England; 46 St. Paul street, Montreal, Canada eod

RIVER NEWS.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
FRIDAY, January 24.

BUSINESS—WEATHER—RIVERS.

The weather yesterday was mild and pleasant. The river is receding at the rate of half an inch per hour. The Ohio is falling, from Cincinnati down, with less than five feet in the canal, and nine feet in the channel in the lower Ohio. The river at St. Louis was rising slowly on Wednesday. Navigation continues suspended, on account of the heavy gorge of Ice above Cairo. White river is falling, with six feet in the channel. The Arkansas is receding, with twenty-four inches in the channel.

ARRIVALS.

Steamer Natoma, St. Francis river.
" Virginia, New Orleans.
" Legal Tender, Louisville.
" Evansville.
" Goldfinch, Evansville.
" Pauline Carroll, New Orleans.
" Argosy, New Orleans.

DEPARTURES.

Steamer Virginia, Louisville.
" Legal Tender, New Orleans.
" St. Patrick, Evansville.
" Mollie Hambleton, St. Francis river.
" Henry Ames, New Orleans.
" Pauline Carroll, Cairo.
" Argosy, Cincinnati.

IN PORT.

Darling, Natoma, Countess.

MISCELLANEOUS.

There was a fair amount of business doing on the levee yesterday, with several boats in port receiving and discharging.

The mud was rapidly drying up under the warm sun, and if the pleasant weather we had yesterday should continue, the wharf to-day will be in a good condition. Cotton and freights can then be handled without incuring any damages.

The Natoma, Captain Lee, arrived from St. Francis river with two hundred bales of cotton, and leaves to-day, at five p.m. for Wittsburg.

The practical railroad men at the *ne plus ultra* of all that is requisite in this direction. Heretofore in stopping a train the power of the brake has only been applied to two wheels, while this friction brake applies it to every wheel, and therefore must possess at least five times the retarding power of the old brake. It also can be used both ways, and one man can control sixteen wheels, and that as readily as two are controlled now. The brake shows for itself, and makes clear the proposition—that if a car with the old brake can be stopped within one hundred yards this brake can do the same thing in less than fifty yards. The machinery of the brake is worked by a screw, which operates directly on the levers, which bring each individual break to bear upon its wheel. We commend this to practical railroad men.

The Darling had 1,000 empty barrels for Duvall's Bluff, which will be reshipped on the Liberty No. 2.

Captain J. B. Archer, a well known and popular steamboatman, the pioneer of the Memphis and Louisville trade, has taken command of the St. Patrick, and will run her regularly between this city and Louisville.

The Henry Ames cleared for New Orleans last night, with 2,300 bales of cotton.

The Belle Lee is due from New Orleans, bound for Louisville.

The Indiana is due from Louisville, bound for New Orleans.

The splendid steamer Darling, Captain Law Kates, leaves to-day at five p.m. for Cincinnati. She has splendid passenger accommodations. Mr. Powers, a genial and clever gentleman, is her chief purser.

Captain Dan Able arrived in the city yesterday from St. Louis, to look after the interests of his packet lines. His many friends gave him a warm greeting last evening.

The Countess leaves on Saturday for New Madrid and the bends.

Mr. Geo. Bilsh, of St. Louis, is in the city, and is having a good time with his friends.

Captain Levy left for Louisville last night, on a business trip.

Captain Ben Johnson leaves this morning for St. Louis.

The Goldfinch arrived from Cairo, yesterday, with a full trip of Western products, including sixty head of cattle and seventy head of hogs. We return thanks to her amiable clerk; Mr. Davidson, for a manifest.

The Mollie Hambleton cleared for St. Francis river, yesterday morning, with a light trip.

The Centralia has given up her Arkansas river trip, and will run in the Ohio trade.

We regret to see that the Richmond injudiciously left here Wednesday evening, before the train arrived, and disappointed thirty passengers that arrived on the Memphis and Charleston en route to New Orleans, expecting to take passage on her.

The splendid steamer Mayflower, Captain Joseph Throop, will be found at the wharf this morning, to receive for Cairo and Evansville, and will leave at five p.m. The Mayflower has superior passenger accommodations. Bill Dunn, Duke Nicholson and Mr. Throop, a trio of courteous and urbane gentlemen, have charge of the office.

The case of the steamer Sioux City vs. the Central Insurance company, was decided in the Courts at Cincinnati on Tuesday, in favor of the defendants.

The Wabash river is frozen over from above New Harmony to the mouth.

The steamer J. J. Graham is frozen up in the Little Wabash.

The Petrolia is high and dry on a bar one mile above Bone Bank, in Wabash river, and in danger of breaking in two, with her cargo out on the bank.

The ice is gorged in the Wabash at Vincennes, above the railroad bridge.

There are one hundred thousand sacks of corn on the banks of the Wabash river, awaiting shipment.

The P. W. Strader is loading at Evansville for New Orleans.

The Ohio and Kanawha rivers are rising slowly, with considerable floating ice in the Ohio as low down as Evansville.

ELMWOOD NURSERY,
Memphis, Tennessee,
A little South of Pigeon Roost Road, five miles out.

100,000 FRUIT TREES, Apples, Pears, Grapes, Peaches, Nectarines, Nuts, Berries, Quinces and Cherries, only or varieties adapted to this climate.
ORNAMENTAL TREES and SHRUBS.
EVERGREENS—A beautiful stock—all sizes, and all kinds for Screens, Hedges, Ornamental purposes, packed and shipped and ornamented.
Orders left at 279 Main street, or through the Postoffice, or at he office of J. A. MCCLURE, Architect.
de12 JAMES STEWART.

Great Discovery!

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST—A SCIENTIFIC WONDER—Instructions by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This instrument with full instructions sent by mail for one dollar. Address,
C. B. AMES & CO.,
Ja4 181 Broadway, New York.

On Consignment
And for sale Low for Cash:
CHOICE CORN, HAY, OATS AND BRAN.
Choice Flour, Meal, Hominy and Grits.
Choice Bulk and Mess Pork, Shoulders and Lard.
Choice Potatoes, Onions and Apples.
Also, best quality Lime, Cement, Plaster, etc., etc.,
At Great Western Produce Depot,
No. 3 Elliott Block,
de15 W. P. WRIGHT.

F. BACHLY,
Manufacturer of Gentlemen's
Boots, Shoes & Gaiters,
NO. 344 MAIN STREET,
MEM

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

M. C. GALLAWAY & CO.,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

TERMS: Daily paper, one year, in advance, $12; Weekly paper, one year, in advance, $2. Single copies, five cents each. Rates of transient and subsequent insertion, 50 cents. Twenty cents per line for special notices.

OFFICE:
In our new building, No. 22 Jefferson street, near the corner of Main.

THE BELLE BOYD DIVORCE.

She Resumes Her Maiden Name.

The New York *Herald* of Thursday says:

Another chapter in the eventful history of Belle Boyd, "Stonewall" Jackson's favorite scout in the Shenandoah valley during the campaign in Virginia, closed yesterday, when Judge Cardozo, at Supreme Court Chambers, rendered a decision dissolving the bonds of matrimony between the "Belle of the Valley" and Samuel W. Harding. At the close of her career, which rendered her name historic in connection with some of the events of the late rebellion, Belle went to England and made her debut as an actress at one of the London theaters. While in the exercise of her new vocation she became acquainted with a man named Samuel W. Harding, and subsequently, on the 25th of August, 1861, was married to him in that city at St. James' Church, Piccadilly. She continued to perform in public for some time after the same, memorable in consequence of her daring and romantic achievements on behalf of the "lost cause," proving a sufficient attraction to the English people, so many of whom sympathized with the Southern people in their struggle. Harding, her husband, who it also acquired some notoriety as an author and an actor, was formerly an officer in the United States naval service. A short time since Belle returned to America with her husband, and performed in various theatres throughout the country, and only a few evenings since made her bow to a New York audience, at the French theater. In December last, in consequence of certain proofs of infidelity on behalf of her liege, she commenced an action for divorce a *vinculo matrimonii* against him. The suit was instituted in the Supreme Court by the usual service of papers, and complaint upon her husband personally, and service admitted in his own handwriting. The case was referred to Gratz Nathan, to take testimony and determine the same, and report with his opinion thereon to the court. Proof was taken of the marriage, and it was conclusively shown that the defendant was guilty as charged in the complaint, the offense having been committed with one Fannie Sinclair, a courtesan, at a house in Crosby Street. The defendant slipped up upon the reference, as he is at present out in California, but his father was present and superintended his son's interests, no defense being interposed, however. An autograph letter of the defendant, written to "My Dear Colonel," a friend of Harding's, giving the real and fictitious name of "his dearest," Fannie, and stating that she "had a card of his (Harding's) sticking in her glass," was produced for the plaintiff in evidence.

The referee reported in favor of the plaintiff on all the issues, and the court confirmed the report yesterday. Belle asks no alimony from her former husband, and was apparently anxious only to get rid of him. She stated explicitly on the reference that she wished to resume her maiden name, Belle Boyd.

IS TEXAS A STATE IN THE UNION?

This Important Question to be Decided.

The Cincinnati *Enquirer* of Thursday says:

A case involving indirectly the *status* of the unrepresented States will soon be before the Supreme Court at Washington for its decision. When the Northwestern boundary of Texas was fixed, the United States issued to it indemnity bonds amounting to several millions of dollars. These bonds were held by the State of Texas until some time during the war, when the Confederate State Government of Texas sold them to White, Childs & Co., of Kentucky, and to other parties in New York and elsewhere. Early in 1867 Mr. Merrick, of Washington City, counsel for the State of Texas, made application to the Supreme Court for an injunction to prevent the negotiation of the bonds thus sold. This injunction was granted, and now the original purchasers come into Court and ask that the injunction be dissolved, on the ground that *Texas is not a State in the Union*, and has, therefore, no right to be heard in the Supreme Court as a *State*. The motion to dissolve the injunction was set for last week. We have not heard whether it was reached. We presume not, however, but doubtless will be this week.

Description of the Hon. Fernando Wood.

The Radical correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette*, speaking of Fernando Wood, says:

This representative of the very intense Democracy of New York city has been so long held up to the country in that capacity, that many have come to attribute all the rudeness and ferocity of those peculiar schools of politics which center on Tammany, Mozart and the Five Points, to Mr. Wood himself.

And so the fact that Fernando Wood has been censured at the bar of the House will surprise but few. That he richly deserved it none can deny. That he uttered anything demanding it has surprised no one who has observed his bearing here. A stranger looking over the House for the first time would be very sure to ask his name. He is one of the most dignified men on the floor, one whose whole demeanor accords more closely with the ideas which one forms, whether correctly or not, of the times of Clay and Webster and Calhoun. His conduct calls the courtesy of those days to mind, and does not suggest their bowie knife and pistol features. In his appearance, manner and dress he is a gentleman. He is fully six feet high, and looks an inch or two taller, he is so straight and slim. A double breasted frock coat, buttoned nearly up to the chin, with a wide velvet collar, gives him a military appearance. His face and features are those of a gray veteran. A thin face, with resolution written on it; clean shaved, except a bristling white moustache; a retreating chin, a slightly retreating forehead; short, dark gray hair, parted on one side and combed smooth, and altogether, an iron face and head that speaks of storms and assaults in which it had been schooled to stern repose. When in his seat and not at work, Mr. Wood generally sits bolt upright, paying close attention to anything of interest before the House. His self-possession never leaves him. His earnestness scarcely ever leads him to violate parliamentary law, but whatever comes to him in debate, he meets it calmly, and with a dignity which forces respect. Even when censured the other day, his coolness did not for a moment forsake him. When called to order he promptly took his seat, and looked the ruler and the judge rather than the prisoner on trial. He heard the words charged, and rightfully charged, as a gross violation of the privileges of the House, read at the clerk's desk; heard the resolution of censure; heard the voting, nearly all against him; heard the result announced, and sat so calmly through it that no stranger could have selected the man against whom it was all directed by any movement of muscle, or any play of uneasiness over his features. And when summoned to the bar to receive the just censure of the House, he strode down the aisle with as little apparent concern as if to consult the Speaker upon a matter of common business. The censure over, he returned to his desk, and, without even taking his seat, with his usual dignified bow to the Speaker, he had the assurance to ask unanimous permission to proceed with his remarks; and, when denied, he sat down as quietly as if he had only risen to move an adjournment.

PERKINS, LIVINGSTON & POST

Manufacturers of and Dealers in all kinds of

MACHINERY SUPPLIES

And a General Assortment of

Heavy and Shelf Hardware,

Machinists' Tools,

Belting, Packing, Horse Powers, etc.

SOLE AGENTS

Straub's Corn Mills,

E. Carver & Co.'s Cotton Gins,

Ingersal's Portable Cotton Presses,

Lane & Bodley's Saw Mills,

Wood & Mann's Portable Engines.

330 MAIN STREET, MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Notice to Parents.

MISS SALLIE CORNELIUS will open a school for Girl and Small Boys, January 5, inst., at the residence of Dr. P. H. EARLY, on Jones street, 3rd door from Alabama street, and immediately in the rear of St. Mary's Church. dec1

MISCELLANEOUS

ELMWOOD NURSERY,

Memphis, Tennessee.

A little South of Pigeon Roost Road, five miles out.

100,000 FRUIT TREES, Apples, Pears, Grapes, Currants, Gooseberries, Strawberries, Quinces and Cherries, only of varieties adapted to this climate.

EVERGREENS—A beautiful stock—all sizes, and all kinds of flowery stock. Orchards planted and pruned, yards laid out and ornamented.

Letters of Inquiry, left in small boxes in Granger's and Postoffice, or addressed to P. A. McCLURE, Architect, Memphis, Tenn., will receive prompt attention.

dec15 JAMES STEWART.

Great Discovery!

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST—A SCIENTIFIC WONDER—Astonishment by which any person can make correct Likenesses or Photographs. The instrument with full instructions sent by mail for one dollar. Address,

S. WILLIAMS & CO.,
181 Broadway, New York.

jy1

On Consignment

And for pay Low for Cash:

CHOICE CORN, HAY, OATS AND BRAN.

Choice Flour, Meal, Hominy and Grits.

Choice Side and Mess Pork, Bacon and Lard.

Choice Potatoes, Onions and Apples.

Also, best quality Lime, Cement, Plaster, etc., etc.,

At Great Western Produce Depot,

No. 3 Elliot Block.

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F. BACHLY,

Manufacturer of Gentlemen's

Boots, Shoes & Gaiters,

NO. 341 MAIN STREET,

MEMPHIS, - - - - - TENN

Repairing Neatly Executed on Short Notice.

FASHIONABLE

Boot and Shoemakers,

LINKHAUER & BRO. Agents.

THE well known firm is now located at 314 Second street, one door South of the Gayoso House, (opening the old store,) and solicits the old customers and many new ones.

D. G. KENNY, J. B. PORTER
Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors.

KENNY & PORTER,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS

AND GENERAL AGENTS.

HAVING permanently established our office in No. 1, El Winand Block, corner of Second and Madison streets, we intend doing strictly a Real Estate Brokerage (if Memphis and surrounding country, together with Surveying, Draughting and Engraving in various branches. The drainage of swamp lands, and the subdividing of lottes, etc., also the Rental and Loan department of our business, will receive special attention. Using always our best exertion for the benefit of customers, we hope by promptness and strict attention to business to merit a liberal patronage of the public.

D. G. KENNY.
J. B. PORTER.

ROHR & PRINCE,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

TIN, COPPER & SHEET IRON WARE,

No. 40 Jefferson Street,

(Over O. F. Prescott & Co.'s.) MEMPHIS, TEN

The One Hundred and Forty-seventh Term OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA Will begin On Saturday, January 18, 1868.

PROF. KERR will give courses of Chemistry, Geology and Mineralogy, and competent instruction will be given in the departments of Mathematics, so that the programme of the Annual Catalogue will be continued until June, 1868.

Tuition, $60 a term.

Board not more than $15 per month.

For Catalogues, or more particular information, apply to the Proctor or the University.

MOS. D. L. SWAIN, LL.D.,
Chapel Hill, N. C

jan1

AVERY'S STEEL & CAST PLOWS

Calhoun (original) Steel Plows;
Emplie, Peacock Steel Plows;

ALSO:

Steel Shovel Plows—Bull Tongues;
Cotton Sweeps and Cotton Scrapers.

A complete assortment at greatly reduced prices to the trade.

E. ROBBINS & BRADLEY,
243 Second Street, Adams Block.

jan

Creditors

HAVING claims against the estate of James Malatesta, deceased, are hereby notified to file their claims, properly authenticated, with the undersigned, within the time prescribed by law, or the same will be barred. Persons indebted to the estate will come forward and settle.

NICHOLAS MALATESTA,
FELIX GAVAGNOL,
Administrators, 32 Main street.

ED BURKE PICKENS, Attorney.
A true copy. Test:

de15 [illegible]

Richmond Weekly Dispatch

Enlarged and Improved for 1868,

CHEAPEST AND BEST

Family and Business Newspaper

IN THE SOUTH.

ALTHOUGH the WEEKLY DISPATCH for 1868 has been greatly improved and enlarged, its cheapness will remain the same. We are determined to publish the CHEAPEST AND BEST FAMILY AND BUSINESS NEWSPAPER in the SOUTH, at a price placing it within the ability of all to take it.

The WEEKLY DISPATCH contains all the important editorials of the Daily; a full and comprehensive summary of Foreign and Domestic News; latest news by telegraph from all parts of the world; full and reliable Stock, Financial, Cattle and General Market Reports; Letters from Correspondents; Agricultural and Horticultural information; a synopsis of the proceedings of Congress and State Legislatures; Editorial Miscellany; Selections of Scientific, Agricultural, Religious and Literary societies; all important Legal decisions; Humorous Paragraphs; Poetry; Tales; Mechanic and Laborer.

Our Washington correspondence will continue to keep our readers informed. Both by sub-graph and mail of everything of importance connected with the National Capital.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY DISPATCH:

Mail subscribers, single copy, one year..... $ 2 00
Mail subscribers, clubs of five, addressed to names of subscribers..... 9 00
Five copies to one address..... 8 00
Ten copies to one address..... 15 00

Remittances may be made by drafts, postal money orders, or in registered letters, at our risk. The Daily Dispatch is mailed at $6 per year.

The Semi-Weekly Dispatch is published every Tuesday and Friday, at $3 per year, in advance.

Specimen copies of all our editions sent on application.

Address,
DOWDELL & ELLYSON,
Richmond, Va.

jan1

WINTER SCHEDULE.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE

Railroad Line.

COMMENCING JANUARY 6TH, 1868, trains will leave Memphis as follows:

Morning Express..... 7:00 a.m.
Night Express..... 5:00 p.m.

Railroad time, which is fifteen minutes faster than city time.

Both Trains Run Through to Louisville without Change of Cars,

And make direct connection with Jeffersonville railroad

For all Eastern and Northern Cities.

Evening train from Memphis connects with U. S. Mail Line steamer, running double daily steamers between Louisville and Cincinnati.

Passengers by Evening Train reach Nashville at 6:40 a.m.; Cairo at 4:00 a.m., and St. Louis at 10:00 p.m., next day.

96 to 48 Hours Quicker Than by Boat.

Trains arrive at Memphis at 9:15 a.m. and 3:30 p.m.

Through tickets at No. 337 Main street, or at Depot, head of Main street.

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH to all Important Northern and Eastern Cities.

S. B. JONES, Superintendent.
ASA HILL, Passenger Agent.

jan7

MARBLE AND STONE WORKS,

99 Front Street, Above Market,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

FOR SALE—The entire Stock of the late Wm. Dougherty,

COMPRISING a handsome assortment of Marble and Slate of all varieties, Italian Carving, Monuments, Mantels, etc., which will be sold at unusual bargains to close the business.

Notice.

TO all whom it may concern: I will apply at the February term of the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, for the confirmation of the settlement of the estate of John Watson, deceased.

R. H. WILLIFORD,
Administrator of said deceased.

Notice.

COLGATE & CO. NEW YORK

AROMATIC VEGETABLE SOAP,

Combined with Glycerine recommended as the delicate skin of Ladies and Children. Invented by COLGATE & CO., N. Y. Sold by all Dealers.

To Property Holders

ALL owners of City Real Estate, and all agents of owners are respectfully requested to leave with the undersigned, at the Avalanche, a memorandum of any SALES, LEASES, SUB-DIVISIONS, etc., made by them since the 1st instalment.

JOHN FARR,
T. DUPUY,
JOHN V. TREZEVANT,
Assessors.

oct10

Notice.

WE have this day appointed MR. J. W. WOLTERING as our agent, for the purpose of carrying on the

Stove, Oil, Lamp and Tin Business,

At No. 193 Main street, corner of Washington.

All contracts made by said J. W. Woltering will be binding on us. Mr. J. W Woltering is authorized to sign the name of our firm in all settlements.

EDWARD FUKER,
H. KRACKE.
Firm of H. Kracke & Co.

Memphis, January 1, 1868.

A Card.

Having taken charge of the business of Messrs. H. Kracke & Co. in the Stove, Oil, Lamp and Tin ware Business, I respectfully invite the patronage of them, as well as my friends and customers and the public generally, to any business in this line, promising satisfaction to all.

Special attention will be given to Roofing, Guttering and Repairing generally.

J. W. WOLTERING.

Memphis, January 1, 1868. ja16

Municipal Court of the City of Memphis.

CLERK'S OFFICE, January 16, 1868.

Ed. Worsham, plaintiff, vs. George Rayfield, defendant—Attachment Suit.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this case in pursuance of section 3451 of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer, viz: "levied, etc.," on the property of the defendant George Rayfield; it is therefore ordered that said defendant appear at the Municipal Court Room in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Tuesday in March next, and defend this suit, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him and the case set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy:
S. D. TOOMBS, Deputy Clerk.
BERCHER & BRICKEN, attorneys for plaintiff. ja11

INSURANCE.

G. W. L. CROOK,
GENERAL
Marine, Life & Fire Insurance Agent
No. 279 1-2 Main Street.

NONE but sound, solvent, and prompt paying companies represented.

PHŒNIX MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Hartford, Connecticut.

S. D. McCLURE,

No. 16 Jefferson Street, Memphis, Tenn.,
GENERAL AGENT FOR
TENNESSEE AND ARKANSAS.

POLICIES valid in any part of the United States, Europe and the southern portion of south America doing any and all manner of the trade. oct10

CAROLINA

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MEMPHIS, TENN.

OFFICE: NO. 291 MAIN STREET.

INSURES AGAINST LOSS OF LIFE.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $500,000

Officers:
M. J. WICKS, President.
A. SEESSEL, Vice President.
W. F. BOYLE, Secretary.
W. C. McCLURE, Treasurer.
J. H. EDMONDSON, General Agent.
E. WOODWARD, Regular Physician.

Consulting Physicians.

R. W. AVANT, P. A. RAMSEY.

Attorneys.
LOGWOOD & PEYTON.

Directors.

W. R. HUNT, A. SEESSEL, F. W. SMITH,
F. TITUS, B. K. PULLEN, N. S. BRUCE,
WM. JOYNER, S. M. APPERSON, N. D. MERKEN
J. W. PITTIT, J. G. LONSDALE, M. J. WICKS,
W. BORKENLAW, W. L. VANCE, W. H. MOORE.

The Company is now prepared to insure forest of Life Insurance, and to solicit a share of the liberal public patronage

EUROPEAN

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

OF LONDON.

ORGANIZED, 1821

Agency Established at 65 Wall Street, New York, 1846.

Capital in Gold, : : : : $5,000,000
Surplus in Gold, : : : : 3,000,000

Policies Issued upon all the Improved Plans.

Death by Suicide, Hand of Justice or Dueling does not work Forfeiture of Policies in this Company.

Thirty Days' Grace Allowed on Annual Premiums.

GEORGE W. L. CROOK,
279 1-2 Main Street,
GENERAL AGENT FOR TENNESSEE AND KENTUCKY

oct7

TENNESSEE STATE

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

A Home Company Devoted to Home Interests.

None but First Class Risks Taken—Policies Issued from One Month to Six Years.

Officers:
JESSE W. PAGE, Jr., President.
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J. M. KEATING, Secretary.
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Directors:
E. M. APPERSON, GEORGE M. BARTLETT,
JESSE W. PAGE, Jr., HOWELL E. JACKSON
W. L. VANCE, J. H. HARTLEY,
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CALL at the office of the Company for full information, whereby all real estate insurers can save FIFTY per cent. of their insurance accounts.

OFFICE:
UP STAIRS IN SELDEN BLOCK, 15 MADISON STREET

HERNANDO

INSURANCE COMPANY

No. 17 Madison Street.

THIS Company is now doing a general insurance business. Its capital is owned by our citizens, and its business men. Its aim is to do a safe local business—to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.

S. B. WILLIAMSON, President.

Directors:
E. McDAVITT, M. L. MEACHAM,
D. R. TOWNSEND, S. B. WILLIAMSON,
A. VACCARO, HENRY LAIRD,
S. H. DUNSCOMB.

BEN MAY, Secretary.

NINETY-SIXTH SEMI-ANNUAL EXPOSE

TOTAL LOSSES PAID, $21,971,979 97.

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO.,

HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

JULY 1, 1867.

ASSETS—AT MARKET VALUE:

Cash on hand and in Bank..... $515,886 3
Real Estate..... 240,982 0
Mortgage Bonds..... 60,500 0
Bank Stock..... 1,250,000 0
United States, State and City Stock, and other public securities..... 1,964,100 0
Loss Liabilities, Claims not due and unadjusted..... $4,031,368 3
Not Assets..... 297,894 4
$4,333,262 7

FIRE AND INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS.

Agencies in all the principal cities and towns in the United States.

Applications for insurance will be promptly attended to.

H. A. LITTLETON & CO.,
Agents.

oct7

THE FRANKLIN

INSURANCE & BANKING COMPANY

Have resumed business under the following management:

Directors:

E. T. KEEL, WM. N. BROWN,
W. N. WILKINSON, JAS. MALATESTA,
T. J. MEACHAM, M. D. L. STEWART,
I. B. MERCER.

CYRUS JOHNSON, M. D. L. STEWART,
Cashier. President.

Will receive Deposits, Discount Notes and Bills, and transact all business authorized by the Charter.

Corner of Jefferson and Front Streets,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

FRANKLIN

JOB PRINTING HOUSE

No. 17 West Court Street.

S. C. TOOF, Prop'r.

SPECIAL attention will be given to Business Cards, Circulars, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Envelopes, Tags, Receipts, Checks, Day Tickets, Bills of Lading, Account Sales, and all Kinds of Mercantile Printing. oct9

TAILORS, CLOTHING.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

POWER & McGEOY,

MERCHANT TAILORS

238 Second Street.

Are just receiving their stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Cloths, Over Coatings, Cassimeres.

Doeskins and Vestings, of Latest Styles,

Which we will make to order at reduced prices. Call and examine our goods and prices and be convinced.

KEEP THE BALL MOVING!

Encourage Home Trade

J. H. WAGGENER & CO.,

MERCHANT TAILORS

AND DEALERS IN

READY - MADE CLOTHING

Gents' Furnishing Goods, Etc.,

No. 294 Main Street,

Clark's Marble Block.

OUR Goods are all entirely new, and we are determined to UNDERSELL any house in the city. We are no branch of any New York, Cincinnati, St. Louis or Louisville house. We buy for cash and all the money we make of it to invest in some NORTHERN city.

Our Tailoring Department Cannot be Excelled.

Suits made to order at very short notice and at the very Lowest Prices. Recognize HOME TRADE and give us a call, and if we can sell you we will. Believing your money at home, I ENCOURAGE home trade if you wish to have a prosperous country.

J. H. WAGGENER & CO.,
294 Main street.

oc19

CLOTHING

CHEAPEST IN THE CITY

All Cost Houses to the contrary notwithstanding

EXAMINE OUR STOCK

ORGANIZED, 1821

Compare Prices and be Convinced

THAT YOU CAN GET

Better Goods for Less Money

THAN ELSEWHERE.

Cash is the basis of all our transactions.

ROBESON, SNEED & CO.,

No. 305 Main Street.

dec

SHIPPERS' NOTICE.

Virginia & Tennessee Air Line

FAST FREIGHT ROUTE

VIA NORFOLK, VIRGINIA, TO

PETERSBURG,	PHILADELPHIA,
RICHMOND,	NEW YORK,
BALTIMORE,	BOSTON.

THE Memphis and Charleston Railroad Company have perfected arrangements to ship Cotton and other products to the above points, on as liberal terms and in as quick time as any other route. Cotton will leave the air cat dispatch; will not be delayed at any point; and will be put through by day and night express trains.

A Line of First Class Ocean Steamers

out in connection with this line, leaving Norfolk at regular intervals for Liverpool, receiving Cotton upon the vessels at Norfolk free of commissions and drayage, and carrying it to Liverpool at the same rate of freight as from other Eastern ports.

For Rates of Freight, Through Bills of Lading, and all necessary information, apply at the Memphis and Charleston Railroad Freight Office.

JAMES C. LOPEZ, W. J. ROSS,
General Freight Agent. General Superintendent.

A. LOWE ADAMS,
R. GALLOWAY, at the Ticket Office, corner South Court and Main streets.

IF YOU WISH TO PUSH DISEASE FROM THE SYSTEM, and leave natural conditions, you must use Blood Food mineral Water.

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

THE great need of every Man, Woman and Child,

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

A PERFECT Combination of Iron with Blood basis,

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

KEEP a little with you all the time FOR EMERGENCIES.

STILLMAN'S RESTORATINE.

Try it at the fountains,
Try it at your home;
Come back from Northern mountains
And leave the drugs alone.
Come to your land of beauty.
Drink the wine of life prepared.
And you will always be on duty
With a thousand blessings shared.

Try what? STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

oct2

THE NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT

No. 94 Camp Street,

J. O. NIXON, Editor and Proprietor.

THIS popular Southern Journal, established in 1848, suppressed by Ben. Butler, May 12, 1862, and re established October 12, 1865, is now, as in the past, a faithful exponent of Conservative Southern sentiments, a reliable journal, and the ardent advocate of all means calculated to develop the resources of the great Southwest.

TERMS—INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE:

Daily—per annum..... $16 00
Half yearly and quarterly, same rate.
Weekly—Mammoth Sheet, per annum..... 00
Half yearly and quarterly, same rate.

oct1

MULES AND CATTLE FOR SALE.

Immense Sacrifice of Property near Grenada, Mississippi.

I WILL SELL my valuable tract of Land lying in the valley of Yallabusha river, two and a half miles from Grenada, containing 1401 acres of land, 60 Two dollars per acres; five hundred acres are cleared; good farm improvements on the place, and in better days valued at from twelve to fifteen dollars per acre. Its nearness to the railroad makes it a commanding place. The timber on it alone, if judiciously managed, is worth the price asked.

With this place I will sell fifteen head of mules at $150 per head, making $2250, the cost of which was to me over $2,500. I will also include my stock of cattle at ten dollars per head, which includes three yoke of oxen and between one or two dozen cows. The cattle may number thirty or forty head, more or less. I will throw in all the farming tools of the place to the purchaser and one mule wagon, and several cows and pigs may be found on the premises.

Here is a bargain. Come with YOUR MONEY, as I SELL FOR CASH, and to leave the country, which has been my home for thirty years.

GEORGE S. GOLLADAY.

dec11

Notice.

WE have this day appointed Messrs. ALLISON BROTHERS our sole agents to settle and wind up our old business in this city.

All persons indebted to us, and all parties having claims in their possession for collection from our former agent, Mr. W. P. Paul, will make all remittances and address all communications to them; they alone being authorized to receipt for payments made in liquidation of said claims.

HILLMAN, BROTHER & SONS.

MEMPHIS, TENN., December 1, 1867.

dec

Dissolution.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of PRICE & YEATMAN, is dissolved by mutual consent, to date from January 1st, 1868. A. H. PRICE retiring. Either of the said firm being authorized to sign the name of the firm in liquidation.

PRICE & YEATMAN.

The business will hereafter be conducted at the old stand No. 11 Monroe street, by

ja13 WM. F. YEATMAN.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FINLEY'S

CHURN DASHER!

Retail Price Everywhere $3.

PRINCIPAL Depot for the Southern States for "FINLEY'S CHURN DASHER," at the popular CHINA HALL of

EASTLAND, LLOYD & GILBERT,

No. 321 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

And for sale by Agents everywhere.

Agents Wanted in Every County in the United States.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.

Agents Wanted

In every county in the United States for the FINLEY CHURN DASHER. Liberal inducements to active and reliable men.

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Of the FINLEY CHURN DASHERS and try it. If not fully up to representation, return it and get your Three Dollars.

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The genial "Charlie" Morris. He says the FINLEY CHURN DASHER beats everything in Arkansas. John M. Woodson, of Germantown, is astonishing and delighting the good housekeepers of his neighborhood with the marvelous work of the DASHER. Can't please your wife and daughters better than by adding a DASHER to your household inventory. Only $3 00. Agents wanted everywhere.

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(807) FINLEY CHURN DASHERS sold in one week—all warranted and not one yet returned. "Old fogies," don't wait for fear that you may possibly be humbugged. No "Yankee humbug." If it does not perform all we promise for it, come and get your money again.

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And "Goshen" housekeepers and dairymen pronounce the FINLEY CHURN DASHER the best churning implement yet seen. Try it yourself, and you will be fully convinced Retail at $3 00.

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Who have toiled all the year long for the "roter" and the tax gatherer, can, with LESS LABOR, with MORE PLEASURE, and with cash capital to the value of one good mule, drive a lucrative business, without rent, insurance, burglar sales, accessories, indictments, or open accounts, by calling upon the Agents of the FINLEY CHURN DASHER, 321 Main street, Memphis.

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The finest varieties of GRAPES, MELONS, PEACHES etc., grow to a perfection unknown upon the mainland. We desire more especially to call the attention of the men of the South to this island, and for the reason that it is in that Catalonia which gave us sorghum and a welcome to many of their number who came from the north to assist them in the war, and since the abolitionist fanatic now rule the land of their birth, so that it no longer affords them a happy and profitable home, our Southern gentlemen are already with us, and we wish to form a society of men of the South, who desire a more peaceful and a attractive place of residence. Both for climate and soil it is particularly adapted to the raising the finest varieties of grapes, and large fortunes are yearly made from this most profitable crop.

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